

Energy performance certificate (EPC)

Lyndale Guest House 4 Greenbank Meneage Road HELSTON TR13 8JA	Energy rating D	Valid until: 15 December 2035
		Certificate number: 9458-3957-0202-2605-5204

Property type	End-terrace house
Total floor area	202 square metres

Rules on letting this property

Properties can be let if they have an energy rating from A to E.

You can read [guidance for landlords on the regulations and exemptions \(https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-guidance\)](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-guidance).

Energy rating and score

This property's energy rating is D. It has the potential to be C.

[See how to improve this property's energy efficiency.](#)

The graph shows this property's current and potential energy rating.

Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst) and a score. The better the rating and score, the lower your energy bills are likely to be.

For properties in England and Wales:

the average energy rating is D
the average energy score is 60

Score	Energy rating	Current	Potential
92+	A		
81-91	B		
69-80	C		77 C
55-68	D	66 D	
39-54	E		
21-38	F		
1-20	G		

Breakdown of property's energy performance

Features in this property

Features get a rating from very good to very poor, based on how energy efficient they are. Ratings are not based on how well features work or their condition.

Assumed ratings are based on the property's age and type. They are used for features the assessor could not inspect.

Feature	Description	Rating
Wall	Granite or whin, as built, no insulation (assumed)	Very poor
Wall	Cavity wall, as built, insulated (assumed)	Good
Roof	Pitched, 150 mm loft insulation	Good
Roof	Roof room(s), limited insulation (assumed)	Average
Window	Fully double glazed	Average
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, mains gas	Good
Main heating control	Programmer, room thermostat and TRVs	Good
Hot water	From main system	Good
Lighting	Good lighting efficiency	Good
Floor	Solid, no insulation (assumed)	N/A
Air tightness	(not tested)	N/A
Secondary heating	Room heaters, wood logs	N/A

Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon energy sources release very little or no CO₂. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon emissions. The following low or zero carbon energy sources are installed in this property:

- Biomass secondary heating

Primary energy use

The primary energy use for this property per year is 166 kilowatt hours per square metre (kWh/m²).

Additional information

Additional information about this property:

- Stone walls present, not insulated
- Dwelling may be exposed to wind-driven rain

Smart meters

This property had **a smart meter for electricity** when it was assessed.

Smart meters help you understand your energy use and how you could save money. They may help you access better energy deals.

[Find out about using your smart meter \(https://www.smartenergygb.org/using-your-smart-meter\)](https://www.smartenergygb.org/using-your-smart-meter)

How this affects your energy bills

An average household would need to spend **£2,273 per year on heating, hot water and lighting** in this property. These costs usually make up the majority of your energy bills.

You could **save £542 per year** if you complete the suggested steps for improving this property's energy rating.

This is **based on average costs in 2025** when this EPC was created. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy for heating, hot water and lighting.

Heating this property

Estimated energy needed in this property is:

- 20,738 kWh per year for heating
 - 3,778 kWh per year for hot water
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Impact on the environment

This property's environmental impact rating is D. It has the potential to be C.

Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst) on how much carbon dioxide (CO₂) they produce each year.

An average household produces

6 tonnes of CO₂

This property produces

5.5 tonnes of CO₂

This property's potential production

3.8 tonnes of CO₂

Carbon emissions

You could improve this property's CO₂ emissions by making the suggested changes. This will help to protect the environment.

These ratings are based on assumptions about average occupancy and energy use. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy.

Steps you could take to save energy

Step	Typical installation cost	Typical yearly saving
1. Internal wall insulation	£7,500 - £11,000	£437
2. Floor insulation (solid floor)	£5,000 - £10,000	£105
3. Solar photovoltaic panels	£8,000 - £10,000	£293

Advice on making energy saving improvements

[Get detailed recommendations and cost estimates \(www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency\)](https://www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency)

Help paying for energy saving improvements

You may be eligible for help with the cost of improvements:

- Insulation: [Great British Insulation Scheme \(www.gov.uk/apply-great-british-insulation-scheme\)](https://www.gov.uk/apply-great-british-insulation-scheme)
 - Heat pumps and biomass boilers: [Boiler Upgrade Scheme \(www.gov.uk/apply-boiler-upgrade-scheme\)](https://www.gov.uk/apply-boiler-upgrade-scheme)
 - Help from your energy supplier: [Energy Company Obligation \(www.gov.uk/energy-company-obligation\)](https://www.gov.uk/energy-company-obligation)
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Who to contact about this certificate

Contacting the assessor

If you're unhappy about your property's energy assessment or certificate, you can complain to the assessor who created it.

Assessor's name	David Raymond
Telephone	07899 757183
Email	david4epc@gmail.com

Contacting the accreditation scheme

If you're still unhappy after contacting the assessor, you should contact the assessor's accreditation scheme.

Accreditation scheme	Elmhurst Energy Systems Ltd
Assessor's ID	EES/021798
Telephone	01455 883 250
Email	enquiries@elmhurstenergy.co.uk

About this assessment

Assessor's declaration	No related party
Date of assessment	15 December 2025
Date of certificate	16 December 2025

This type of assessment can be carried out on properties built before 1 April 2008 in England and Wales, and 30 September 2008 in Northern Ireland. It can also be used for newer properties, as long as they have a previous SAP assessment, which uses detailed information about the property's construction to calculate energy performance.