

HomeCheck™



conveyo

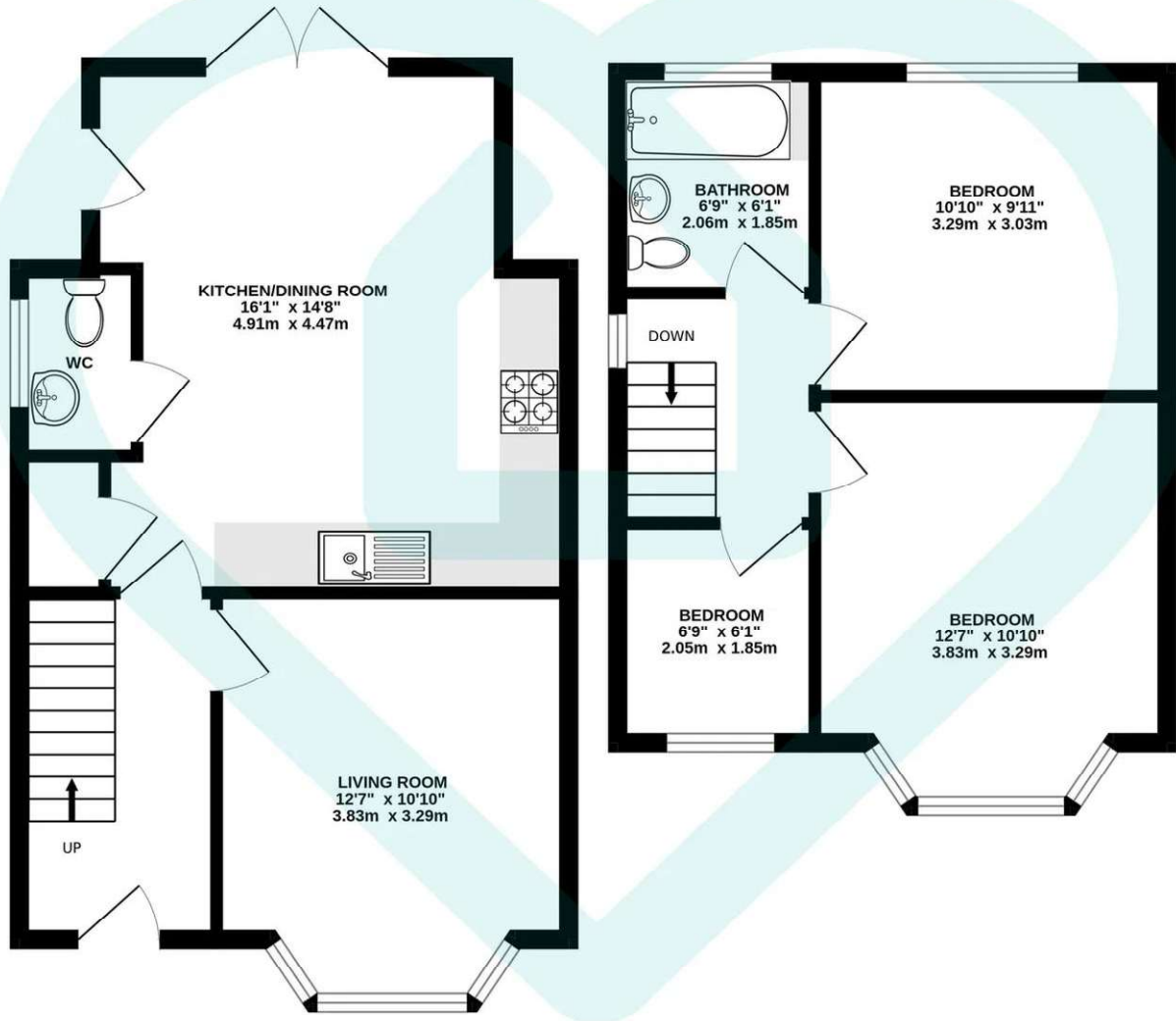


PROPERTY DOCUMENTS

Morfittsmiths Complete Sale Readiness Service.
Most homes are sold on hope.
Yours will be sold in readiness.

GROUND FLOOR
437 sq.ft. (40.6 sq.m.) approx.

1ST FLOOR
359 sq.ft. (33.3 sq.m.) approx.



TOTAL FLOOR AREA : 796 sq.ft. (73.9 sq.m.) approx.

This floor plan is for illustrative purposes only. All measurements and layouts are approximations and do not necessarily capture the precise specifications of the property. No responsibility is taken for any error, omission, or misstatement. We always recommend viewing in person to confirm the exact floor plan of a property. Made with Metropix.



The electronic official copy of the register follows this message.

Please note that this is the only official copy we will issue. We will not issue a paper official copy.



Official copy of register of title

Title number SYK221054

Edition date 20.12.2007

- This official copy shows the entries on the register of title on 01 MAY 2026 at 15:42:55.
- This date must be quoted as the "search from date" in any official search application based on this copy.
- The date at the beginning of an entry is the date on which the entry was made in the register.
- Issued on 01 May 2026.
- Under s.67 of the Land Registration Act 2002, this copy is admissible in evidence to the same extent as the original.
- This title is dealt with by HM Land Registry, Nottingham Office.

A: Property Register

This register describes the land and estate comprised in the title. Except as mentioned below, the title includes any legal easements granted by the registered lease but is subject to any rights that it reserves, so far as those easements and rights exist and benefit or affect the registered land.

SOUTH YORKSHIRE : SHEFFIELD

- 1 (11.04.1986) The Leasehold land shown edged with red on the plan of the above Title filed at the Registry and being 33 Potter Hill Lane, High Green, Sheffield.
- 2 Short particulars of the lease(s) (or under-lease(s)) under which the land is held:

Date	: 25 February 1938
Term	: 800 years from 29 September 1937
Rent	: \$3.10s.0d
Parties	: (1) Simpson Bros (Sheffield) Limited
	(2) Wilfred Coukham
- 3 The lessor's title is registered.
- 4 Unless otherwise mentioned the title includes any legal easements granted by the registered lease(s) but is subject to any rights that it reserves, so far as those easements and rights exist and benefit or affect the registered land.

B: Proprietorship Register

This register specifies the class of title and identifies the owner. It contains any entries that affect the right of disposal.

Title good leasehold

- 1 (11.04.1986) PROPRIETOR: [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] of 33 Potter Hill Lane, High Green, Sheffield.

Title number SYK221054

C: Charges Register

This register contains any charges and other matters that affect the land.

- 1 (11.04.1986) REGISTERED CHARGE dated 20 March 1986 affecting also title SYK221005 to secure the moneys including the further advances therein mentioned.
- 2 (20.12.2007) Proprietor: BANK OF SCOTLAND PLC (Scot. Co. Regn. No. SC327000) of Halifax Division, 1 Lovell Park Road, Leeds LS1 1NS.

End of register

These are the notes referred to on the following official copy

The electronic official copy of the title plan follows this message.

Please note that this is the only official copy we will issue. We will not issue a paper official copy.

This official copy was delivered electronically and when printed will not be to scale. You can obtain a paper official copy by ordering one from HM Land Registry.

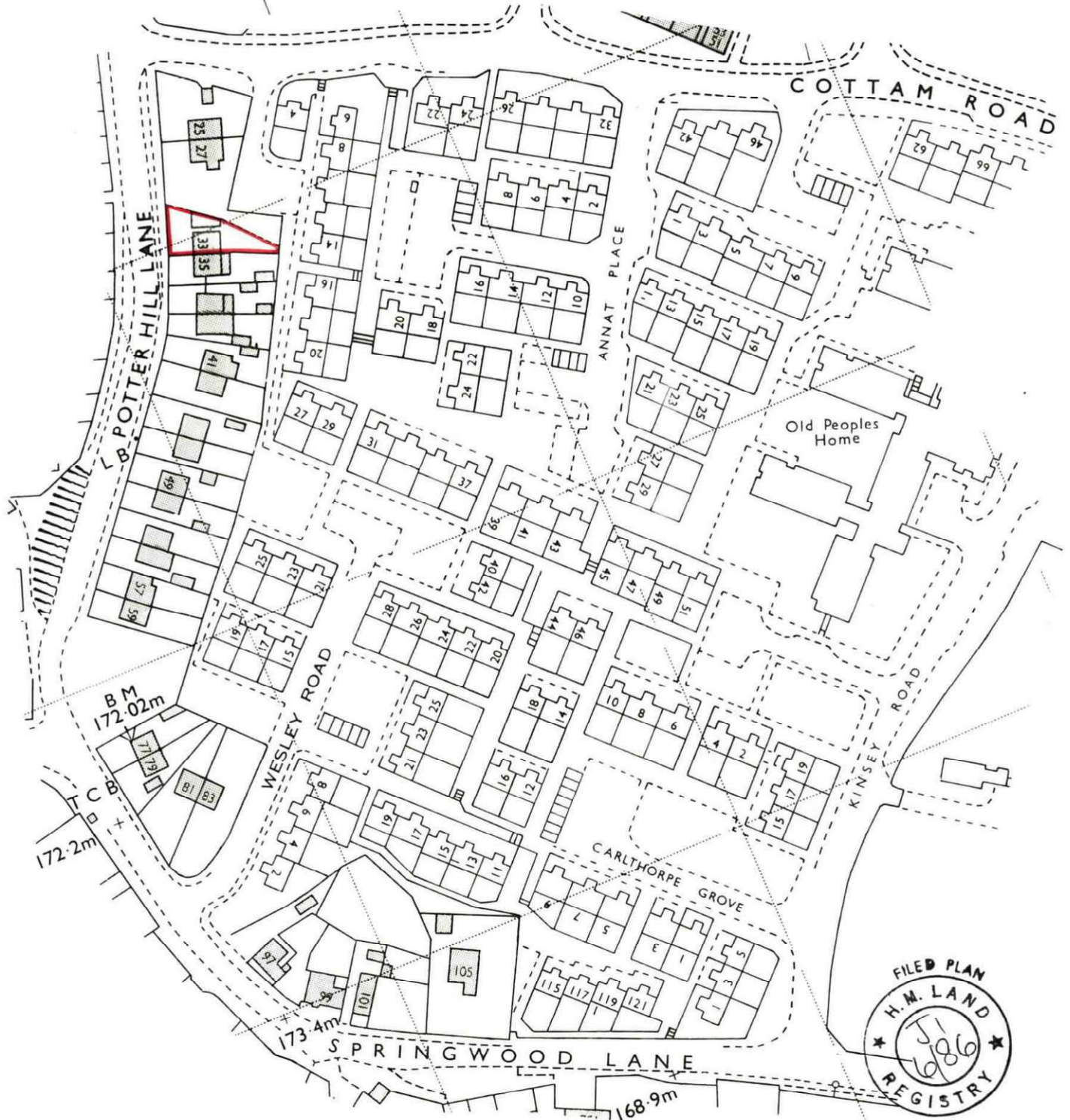
This official copy is issued on 01 May 2026 shows the state of this title plan on 01 May 2026 at 15:43:00. It is admissible in evidence to the same extent as the original (s.67 Land Registration Act 2002). This title plan shows the general position, not the exact line, of the boundaries. It may be subject to distortions in scale. Measurements scaled from this plan may not match measurements between the same points on the ground. This title is dealt with by the HM Land Registry, Nottingham Office .

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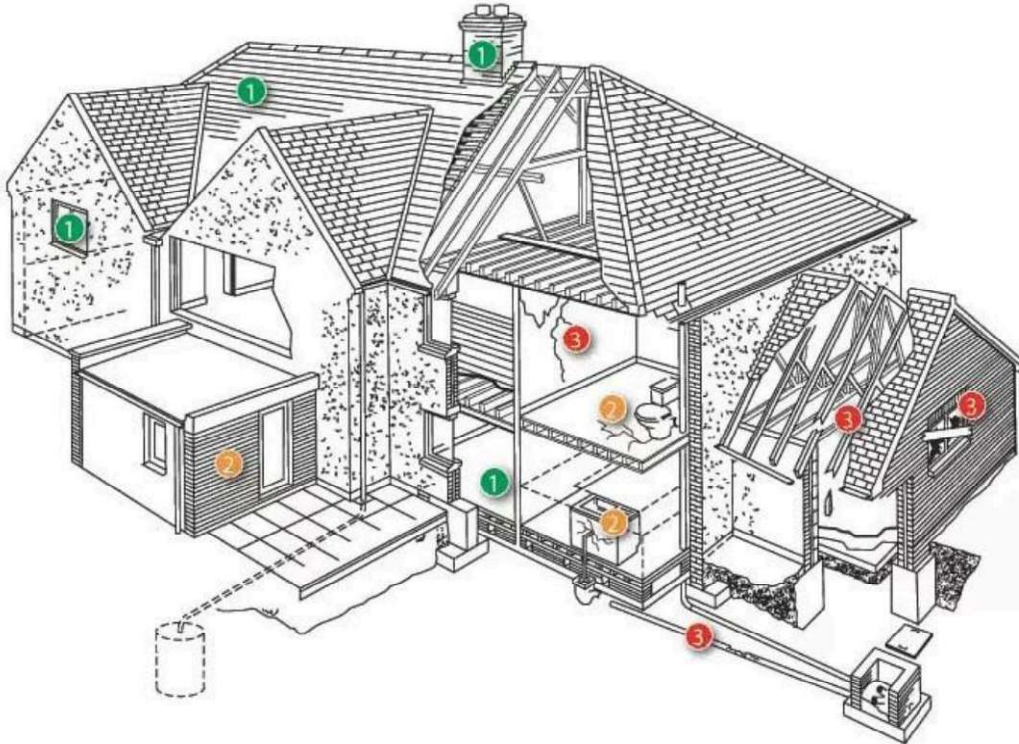
H.M. LAND REGISTRY		TITLE NUMBER		
		SYK 221054		
ORDNANCE SURVEY PLAN REFERENCE	COUNTY	SHEET	NATIONAL GRID	SECTION
	SOUTH YORKSHIRE		SK 3397	P
Scale: 1/1250 Enlarged from 1/2500		SHEFFIELD DISTRICT		©Crown copyright 1973

ECCLESFIELD PARISH

The boundaries shown by dotted lines have been plotted from the plans on the deeds. The title plan may be updated from later survey information.



HomeCheck™



HomeCheck Property Review

**A practical pre-sale review of the property's visible condition,
with cost guidance for likely repairs and maintenance**

Property address: 33 Potter Hill Lane, S35 4JE

Date: 07 May 2026

This review is based on a visual inspection of accessible areas and reflects over 20 years of hands-on experience working on residential properties similar to this one.

Property Review Summary

This property appears to be in **good condition**, with clear evidence of a recent full renovation and only a small number of minor snagging and maintenance items noted during inspection.

There are no obvious signs of significant structural concern from the accessible areas viewed. Most elements appear either newly installed, recently improved, or serviceable and functional.

Summary of condition

● Structure

- The building structure appears sound overall from the accessible areas inspected with no visible signs of movement.

● Priority Repair

- Exposed section of soil pipe between the rear extension and neighbouring extension should be covered to prevent UV exposure over time
- Exposed ceiling wiring at the pendant fitting in the boiler cupboard should be made safe by securing the ceiling rose cover properly

● Routine repair

- Adjust the two interfering doorstops between the kitchen doorway and boiler cupboard so both doors can open and stop correctly
- Minor cosmetic making good to rough and slightly cracked plaster within the boiler cupboard
- Reduce the raised edging at the driveway entrance to avoid likely damage from repeated vehicle use

● Ongoing maintenance / improvement

- Clear debris from the narrow rear side gap between the extension and boundary
- Treat weeds / growth within the rear lawn area
- General tidying of the external store and leftover renovation materials as desired

Typical cost guidance

● Priority Repair: £0 – £100

(items best addressed early to prevent further deterioration)

● Routine repair: £250 – £600

(typical maintenance and repairs that can be planned over time)

● Ongoing maintenance / improvement: £100 – £400+

(optional upgrades and general improvements depending on preference)

What this means

This is a well-presented property that appears to have been renovated to a good standard in most areas.

The issues identified are limited and are minor finishing items and practical snagging rather than signs of wider deterioration. For a buyer, this should be viewed as a house that appears ready for normal use, with only a short list of small jobs to address in due course.

Property Condition Overview

What was observed during inspection

Roof & Chimney

● Ongoing Maintenance / Improvement

There is evidence of repair work, including replaced tiles, replacement ridge tiles, and chimney removal with associated repair work. A small amount of moss growth and minor tile movement is visible, which is typical for a roof of this age, but no problems were evident at the time of inspection.

From within the loft, the roof structure appears sound, and the repair area where the chimney has been removed also appears sound.

What's likely required:

- No immediate works required
- Ongoing maintenance only

Typical cost guidance: **No immediate cost anticipated**

Rainwater Goods (Gutters & Drainage)

● Ongoing Maintenance / Improvement

The rainwater goods appear to have been replaced recently. Gutters, downpipes, soffits and soil pipework seen externally all appear modern and in very good condition overall.

What's likely required:

- No immediate works required
- Ongoing maintenance only

Typical cost guidance: **No immediate cost anticipated**

External Walls

● Ongoing Maintenance / Improvement

The brickwork and pointing appear sound from the accessible areas viewed. The rendered sections, including the rear extension, also appear new or recently renewed and in good condition overall. No visible repair works are currently suggested to the external wall surfaces.

What's likely required:

- No immediate works required
- Ongoing maintenance only

Typical cost guidance: **No immediate cost anticipated**

Windows & External Joinery

● Ongoing Maintenance / Improvement

The windows and external doors appear new, with uPVC double glazing throughout and a modern front entrance door. These all appear in very good condition.

The only older external joinery noted was the door to the outside store beneath the staircase, which remains functional.

What's likely required:

- No work required to main windows and doors
- Optional replacement of the outside store door or fitting a replacement lock to improve security

Typical cost guidance: **£50 - £350**

Internal Condition

● Routine Repair

Internally, the property appears freshly renovated throughout. The kitchen, lounge, hallway and bedrooms all present as newly plastered, decorated with carpet or laminate flooring, with very little to note.

Minor snagging items were observed in the boiler cupboard and around internal joinery.

What's likely required:

- Minor cosmetic making good to rough / slightly cracked plaster in boiler cupboard
- Adjust doorstop positions between kitchen and boiler cupboard doors

Typical cost guidance: **£100 - £200**

Kitchen & Bathroom

● Ongoing Maintenance / Improvement

The kitchen appears to be newly installed and unused, with new Howdens kitchen and new fittings throughout.

The downstairs WC and main bathroom also appear newly fitted and in very good condition. The only item noted was a very small unfinished area at floor level by the bathroom doorway.

What's likely required:

- No immediate works required
- Minor filler / finishing to bathroom doorway floor edge

Typical cost guidance: **£25 - £75**

Attic

● Ongoing Maintenance / Improvement

The loft space was accessed via the fitted loft ladder. The roof covering appears to be the original clay tile roof without underlay, which is typical for a property of this age. The visible timbers appear sound, and insulation levels appear good at approximately 300mm in most areas.

What's likely required:

- No immediate works required
- Ongoing maintenance only

Typical cost guidance: **No immediate cost anticipated**

Services

● Priority Repair

The boiler, consumer unit and associated pipework appear new from visual inspection. A boiler flue is also visible externally and appears sound.

The only issue in this area is within the boiler cupboard, where the ceiling rose cover has slipped down the pendant and left wiring exposed at ceiling level. This is a small item, but it should be made safe promptly.

What's likely required:

- Secure the ceiling rose cover to make safe exposed wiring
- As part of the normal purchase process, confirm that appropriate electrical certification is available
- Standard gas checks would normally form part of the purchase process

Typical cost guidance: **No significant repair cost anticipated**

Grounds & Outbuildings

● Routine Repair

The front garden has been altered to provide practical parking, with gravel grid surfacing and a concrete area suitable for parking two to three vehicles. The concrete is weathered and slightly cracked in places but remains functional.

At the driveway entrance, the raised concrete edging between pavement and drive appears too high and is likely to become damaged with repeated vehicle use if left as it is.

To the rear, the garden is mainly grass with weed growth. A rear outbuilding / store with steel roof and timber doors is basic but functional. Some debris remains in the narrow rear side gap, which appears to be leftover building material rather than a building issue.

What's likely required:

- Lower or adjust the raised driveway edging at the pavement entrance
- Cover the exposed section of soil pipe in the rear side gap
- Clear debris from the side gap
- Weed treatment / general garden tidying as desired

Typical cost guidance: **£150 – £400**

Practical Next Steps

- Make safe the exposed wiring at the boiler cupboard light fitting
- Cover the exposed soil pipe in the rear side gap
- Adjust the two conflicting doorstops between kitchen and boiler cupboard
- Fill the small gap at the bathroom doorway
- Lower the raised edging at the driveway entrance
- Clear remaining building debris and treat weeds in the rear garden

These are all relatively contained jobs and are typical of a recently renovated property where a few finishing items remain.

Practical Context

This property appears to be in better-than-average condition overall, with much of the visible fabric and many fittings having been recently renewed.

The items identified are mainly snagging, minor practical repairs, and general tidying. There was very little evidence of broader ongoing deterioration from the areas inspected, and the overall presentation is consistent with a house that has had substantial recent investment.

Important Note

This is a practical building review based on a visual inspection of accessible areas.

It is **not** a formal survey, structural engineer's report, or contractor quotation.

Cost guidance is indicative only and will vary depending on specification, contractor and access requirements.

Fran Mickelborough

HomeCheck™

www.myhomecheck.co.uk

Regulated Local Authority Search

Land Charges Summary

This search reveals 1 registration(s) as described in the schedule hereto.



Planning Permissions

Sections 1.1a-1.1i

No



Building Regulations Approval

Sections 1.1j-1.1l

Yes



Planning Designations and Proposals

Section 1.2

Identified



Roads

Roads, Footways, and Footpaths
Maintained at Public Expense
Section 2.1

Public

Other Matters



Nearby Road Schemes

Section 3.4

No



Nearby Railway Schemes

Section 3.5

Identified



Traffic Schemes

Section 3.6

Identified

About Your Search

Search Type:

Land Charges Register and Local Search Enquiries

Property:

33
Potter Hill Lane
High Green
Sheffield
S35 4JE

Local Authority:

Sheffield City Council
Howden House, Union Street, Sheffield,
South Yorkshire, S1 2SH.

Our Reference:

XX/5225480

Your Reference:

20260501104460

Prepared by:

dsimmonds

Invoice Number:

E26489175

Date:

12/05/2026

If you require any further information, or if you would like to order any additional recommended searches or insurances, please do not hesitate to contact our Customer Service Team on:

 **0800 052 0117**

 cs@onesearchdirect.co.uk

Contents

This report is divided into the following colour codes for ease of interpretation:-

Search of Local Land Charges Register
Local Search Enquiries
1.1 Planning and Building Regulation Decisions and Pending Applications
1.2 Planning Designations and Proposals
2.1 Roads, Footways and Footpaths
2.2 - 2.5 Public Rights of Way
3.1 - 3.2 Land Required for Public Purposes
3.3 Drainage Matters
3.4 Nearby Road Schemes
3.5 Nearby Railways Schemes
3.6 Traffic Schemes
3.7 Outstanding Notices
3.8 Contravention of Building Regulations
3.9 Notices, Orders, Directions, and Proceedings under Planning Acts
3.10 Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL)
3.11 Conservation Areas
3.12 Compulsory Purchase
3.13 Contaminated Land
3.14 Radon Gas
3.15 Assets of Community Value

If you require assistance in interpreting this report, call our customer services desk on **0800 052 0117** or email cs@onesearchdirect.co.uk.

The information in this Search Report has been prepared following a search of (a) publicly available property related information held by the relevant local authority; and (b) property related information derived from the relevant local authority held by OneSearch Direct Ltd.

Search of Local Land Charges Register

Subjects: **33, Potter Hill Lane, High Green, Sheffield, S35 4JE.**
Date of Search Report: **12/05/2026**
Search Report No: **07065678**
Search Report Prepared By: **dsimmonds**

Charges on Register

04 - Miscellaneous Charges			
Description Of Charge (including reference to appropriate statutory provision)	Originating Authority	Place Where Relevant Documents May Be Inspected	Date Of Registration
Smoke Control. This property is included in a smoke control order declaring the area to be a smoke control area. Smoke Control Area - Angram Bank 67	Sheffield City Council	Howden House, Union Street, Sheffield, South Yorkshire, S1 2SH.	10/1/1967

Local Search Enquiries

Subjects: **33, Potter Hill Lane, High Green, Sheffield, S35 4JE.**
 Date of Search Report: **12/05/2026**
 Search Report No: **07065678**
 Search Report Prepared By: **dsimmonds**

Local Search Enquiries deal with entries which affect the subjects of search but which have not been registered as a Land Charge by the Local Authority.

Information relating to applications, consents, designations, notices, orders and other items which are disclosed in the search of the Land Charges register will not be duplicated below.

Planning and Building Regulation Decisions and Pending Applications

1.1. Which of the following relating to the property have been granted, issued or refused or (where applicable) are the subject of pending applications:-

1.1

Section 1.1 (a)	Planning Permissions	None
Section 1.1 (b)	Listed Building Consents	None
Section 1.1 (c)	Conservation Area Consents	None
Section 1.1 (d)	Certificate of Lawfulness of Existing Use or Development	None
Section 1.1 (e)	Certificate of Lawfulness of Proposed Use or Development	None
Section 1.1 (f)	A Certificate of Lawfulness of Proposed Works for Listed Buildings	None
Section 1.1 (g)	A Heritage Partnership Agreement	None
Section 1.1 (h)	A Listed Building Consent Order	None
Section 1.1 (i)	A Local Listed Building Consent Order	None
Section 1.1 (j)	Building Regulations Approvals	Yes

	Decision	Date	Application Type
26/00089/INITD	No Decision Available	20-Jan-2026	Building Regulation Approval

Proposal

Removal of Supporting Walls in the Kitchen / Dining Area and Support with Steel Beams

The Building Control function for this development was carried out by a Registered Building Control Approver (RBCA), formerly known as an Approved Inspector, in accordance with Part II of the Building Act 1984. The Local Authority does not hold copies of the relevant approvals.

Where the Local Authority has been notified by the RBCA that a Final Certificate has been issued, the status will appear as 'Initial Notice - Works Complete'.

Section 1.1 (k)	Building Regulations Completion Certificate	None
Section 1.1 (l)	Any building regulations certificate or notice issued in respect of work carried out under a competent person self-certification scheme?	Yes

	Decision	Date	Application Type
16/216139/FENSA	Registered	13-Jun-2016	Any Building Regulations Certificate or Notice Issued in Respect of Work Carried out under a Competent Person Self Certification

Proposal

Doors: 1

Windows: 6

Certificate Issued: 13/06/2016

Work Completed: 18/05/2016

Informative

The seller or developer should be asked to provide evidence of compliance with building regulations. This search reports information on planning and other matters relating to the subject property only. If required, information relating to other properties in the vicinity can be supplied on receipt of a separate search request.

Informative

The Local Authority's computerised records of planning and building control documents do not extend back before planning - 01/01/1970 - and building control - 01/01/1990 - and replies will only cover the period since that date. If earlier history is required, please contact the Planning & Building Control Department - refer to search information sheet for contact details

Informative

With regards to 1.1(k&l) please note the Local Authority may not always be aware of such works or may not reveal this information and enquiries should also be made of the seller.

Planning Designations and Proposals

1.2. What designations of land use for the property or the area, and what specific proposals for the property, are contained in any existing or proposed development plan?		See details below	1.2
Borough Boundary	-	-	
Local Plans	Borough Boundary		
Core Strategy	Adopted	04/03/2009	
Local Plans	Urban Area		
Sheffield Unitary Development Plan Adopted	Adopted	31/03/1998	
Local Plan Policy	Borough Boundary		
Informative This reply reflects the Policies or Proposals in any existing adopted Development Plan and in any formally proposed Alteration or Replacement Plan, but does not include Policies contained in Planning Guidance Notes or Supplementary Planning documents. Further enquiries should be made to the Local Authority (ref to Search Information Sheet).			

Roads

2.1 Which of the roads, footways and footpaths named in the application for this search (via boxes B and C) are:-		2.1
(a) Highway Maintainable at Public Expense	Public	
Name	Status	
Potter Hill Lane, High Green	Public	
(b) Subject to adoption and supported by a bond or bond waiver	No	
(c) To be made up by a local authority who will reclaim the cost from the frontagers; or	No	
(d) To be adopted by a local authority without reclaiming the cost from the frontagers?	No	
Informative Any further enquiries should be made to the Local Authority's Highways Department (refer to Search Information Sheet).		

2.2 Is any public right of way which abuts on, or crosses the property, shown on a definitive map or revised definitive map?

Yes

2.2

Public Right of Way Abutting the Outlined Property Boundary - Please See Attached Map Which Highlights the PRow in Red

Informative

Please note additional public rights of way may exist other than those shown on the definitive map.

2.3 Are there any pending applications to record a public right of way that abuts, or crosses the property, on the Register?

No

2.3**Informative**

Please note additional public rights of way may exist other than those shown on the definitive map.

2.4 Are there any legal orders to stop up, divert, alter or create a public right of way which abuts, or crosses the property not yet implemented or shown on a definitive map?

No

2.4**Informative**

Please note additional public rights of way may exist other than those shown on the definitive map.

2.5 If so, please attach a plan showing the approximate route

Yes

2.5**Informative**

See attached

Other Matters

Apart from matters entered on the registers of local land charges, do any of the following matters apply to the property? If so please refer to Search Information Sheet for contact details. Note: Matters entered onto the Local Land Charges Register, or visibly by property/site inspection, will not be referred to (where relevant) in answer to the enquiries 3.1 to 3.15 below

Land Required for Public Purposes

3.1. Is the property included in land required for Public Purposes?

No

3.1

Land to be Acquired for Road Works

3.2. Is the property included in land to be acquired for road works?

No

3.2

Drainage Matters

3.3. Is the property:-

3.3

(a) Served by a sustainable urban drainage system (SuDS)?	Not Available
(b) Are there SuDS features within the boundary of the property? If yes, is the owner responsible for maintenance?	Not Available
(c) If the property benefits from a SuDS for which there is a charge, who bills the property for the surface water drainage charge?	Not Available

Informative

Many Local Authority records do not allow for the provision of comprehensive answers for these questions. We therefore recommend checking planning approvals, Section 106 Agreements and referring to the vendor in order to establish if the property is served by a Sustainable Urban Drainage System.

Nearby Road Schemes

3.4. Is the property (or will it be) within 200 metres of any of the following?

No

3.4

- (a) The centre line of a new trunk road or special road specified in any order, draft order or scheme;
- (b) The centre line of a proposed alteration or improvement to an existing road involving construction of a subway, underpass, flyover, footbridge, elevated road or dual carriageway;
- (c) The outer limits of construction works for a proposed alteration or improvement to an existing road, involving-
 - i) Construction of a roundabout (other than a mini-roundabout); or
 - ii) Widening by construction of one or more additional traffic lanes;
- (d) The outer limits of-
 - i) Construction of a new road to be built by a local authority
 - ii) An approved alteration or improvement to an existing road involving construction of a subway, underpass, flyover, footbridge, elevated road or dual carriageway; or
 - iii) Construction of a roundabout (other than a mini-roundabout) or widening by construction of one or more additional traffic lanes
- (e) The centre line of the proposed route of a new road under proposals published for public consultation; or
- (f) The outer limits of-
 - i) Construction of a proposed alteration or improvement to an existing road involving construction of a subway, underpass, flyover, footbridge, elevated road or dual carriageway;
 - ii) Construction of a roundabout (other than a mini-roundabout); or
 - iii) Widening by construction of one or more additional traffic lanes, under proposals published for public consultation?

Informative

A mini roundabout is a roundabout having a one way circulatory carriageway around a flush or slightly raised circular marking less than 4 metres in diameter and with or without flared approaches.

Nearby Railway Schemes

3.5 (a) Is the property (or will it be) within 200 metres of the centre line of a proposed railway, tramway, light railway or monorail?

No

3.5**Informative**

Please refer to search information sheet for contact details relating to relevant rail schemes.

3.5 (b) Are there any proposals for a railway, tramway, light railway or monorail within the Local Authority's boundary?

Yes

3.5**Scheme Type****Proposal**

The Network Rail (Hope Valley Capacity) Order 2018

The Network Rail (Hope Valley Capacity) Order 2018 - route line showing affected area

Barrow Hill Line Reopening

Barrow Hill Line Reopening

Informative

Please refer to search information sheet for contact details relating to relevant rail schemes.

Traffic Schemes

3.6 Has a local authority approved but not yet implemented any of the following for the roads, footways and footpaths which are named in Boxes B and C and are within 200 metres of the boundaries of the property:

Yes

3.6

- (a) Permanent stopping up or diversion;
- (b) Waiting or loading restrictions
- (c) One way driving
- (d) Prohibition of driving
- (e) Pedestrianisation
- (f) Vehicle width or weight restrictions
- (g) Traffic calming works including road humps
- (h) Residents parking controls
- (i) Minor road widening or improvement
- (j) Pedestrian crossings
- (k) Cycle tracks; or
- (l) Bridge building?

Scheme
Type**Proposal****Subject**

Traffic Calming works e.g. Road Humps	Sheffield City Council (High Green) (20mph Speed Limit) Order 2024	Potter Hill Lane, Sheffield
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Informative

In some circumstances, road closures can be obtained by third parties from magistrate's courts, or can be made by the Secretary of State for Transport without involving the local authority.

Informative

Matters already entered on the Local Land Charges Register will not be revealed in answer to this enquiry.

Informative

This enquiry is designed to reveal matters that are yet to be implemented and could not therefore be ascertained by a visual inspection. Schemes that have been, or are currently being implemented will not be referred to in answer to this enquiry.

Outstanding Notices

3.7. Do any statutory notices which relate to the following matters subsist in relation to the property other than those revealed in a response to any other enquiry in this schedule:-						Yes	3.7
(a) Building Works; (b) Environment; (c) Health and Safety; (d) Housing; (e) Highways; or (f) Public health? (g) Flood and coastal erosion risk management							
Act	Section	Council Ref	Details	Status	Date Served		
Environment Act 1995	Designation of Air Quality Management Areas	Sheffield City Wide AQMA.	Sheffield City Council - Sheffield Citywide AQMA An area covering entire eastern part of the City containing the major built up areas (now declared for annual and 1-hour nitrogen dioxide objectives, and the 24-hour PM10 objective).	Information			
Informative							
<i>Matters already entered on the Local Land Charges Register will not be revealed in answer to this enquiry.</i>							

Contravention of Building Regulations

3.8. Has a local authority authorised in relation to the property any proceedings for the contravention of any provisions contained in building regulations	No	3.8

Notices, Orders, Directions and Proceedings under Planning Acts

3.9. Do any of the following subsist in relation to the property, or has a local authority decided to issue, serve, make or commence any of the following:-		3.9
(a) Enforcement Notice	No	
(b) Stop Notice	No	
(c) Listed Building Enforcement Notice	No	
(d) Breach of Condition Notice	No	
(e) Planning Contravention Notice	No	
(f) Other Notice Relating to Breach of Planning Control	No	
(g) Listed Buildings Repair Notice	No	
(h) In the case of a listed building deliberately allowed to fall into disrepair, a compulsory purchase order with a direction for minimum compensation	No	
(i) A Building Preservation Notice	No	
(j) A Direction Restricting Permitted Development	No	
(k) An Order Revoking or Modifying Permission	No	
(l) An Order Requiring Discontinuance of Use or Alteration or Removal of Buildings or Works	No	
(m) Tree Preservation Order	No	

(n) Proceedings to Enforce a Planning Agreement or Planning Contribution	No
Informative <i>Matters already entered on the Local Land Charges Register will not be revealed in answer to enquiries 3 (a), (c), and (f-n).</i>	
Informative <i>National Park Authorities also have the power to serve a building preservation notice, so an enquiry should also be made with them</i>	

Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL)

3.10 (a) Is there a CIL charging schedule?	Yes	3.10
<p>CIL Rates 2015 and 2025</p> <p>Type of Development CIL Rate 2015 (R)/(sq.m.) Index 2015 (IC) Index 2021 (IY) Index 2022 (IY) Index 2023 (IY) Index 2024 (IY) Index 2025 (IY) CIL Rate 2025* = R x IY/IC (/sq.m.)</p> <p>RESIDENTIAL (Use Classes C3 and C4) 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Zone 1 - North East £0 254 333 332 355 381 391 £0 • Zone 2 - East £0 254 333 332 355 381 391 £0 • Zone 3 – Stocksbridge & Deepcar, North West, South East, City Centre West, Manor/Arbourthorne/Gleadless,Chapelton/Ecclesfield, Rural Upper Don Valley £30 254 333 332 355 381 391 £46.18 • Zone 4 - City Centre, South £50 254 333 332 355 381 391 £76.97 • Zone 5 - South West £80 254 333 332 355 381 391 £123.15 <p>RETAIL (Use Class A1) 8</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • City Centre Prime Retail Area 2 £30 254 333 332 355 381 391 £46.18 • Meadowhall Prime Retail Area 3 £60 254 333 332 355 381 391 £92.36 • Major Retail Schemes⁴ (includes Superstores 5 and Retail Warehouses 6) 7 £60 254 333 332 355 381 391 £92.36 <p>HOTELS (Use Class C1) 8 £40 254 333 332 355 381 391 £61.57</p> <p>STUDENT ACCOMMODATION £30 254 333 332 355 381 391 £46.18</p> <p>ALL OTHER USES (including offices and industry) £0 254 333 332 355 381 391 £0</p>		
(b) If yes, do any of the following subsist in relation to the property, or has a local authority decided to issue, serve, make or commence any of the following:-		
(i) a liability notice?	No	
(ii) a notice of chargeable development	No	
(iii) a demand notice	No	
(iv) a default liability notice?	No	
(v) an assumption of liability notice?	No	
(vi) a commencement notice?	No	
(c) Has any demand notice been suspended?	No	
(d) Has the Local Authority received full or part payment of any CIL liability?	No	
(e) Has the Local Authority received any appeal against any of the above?	No	
(f) Has a decision been taken to apply for a liability order?	No	
(g) Has a liability order been granted?	No	
(h) Have any other enforcement measures been taken?	No	
Informative <i>Matters already entered on the Local Land Charges Register will not be revealed in answer to enquiries 3.10 (b)(i), (b)(iii), (d), and (f-h).</i>		

Conservation Areas

3.11. Do the following apply in relation to the property:-

No

3.11

- a) The making of the area a Conservation Area before 31st August 1974; or
- b) An unimplemented resolution to designate the area a Conservation Area?

Compulsory Purchase

3.12. Has any enforceable order or decision been made to compulsorily purchase or acquire the property?

No

3.12

Informative

Matters already entered on the Local Land Charges Register will not be revealed in answer to this enquiry.

Contaminated Land

3.13. Do any of the following apply (including any relating to land adjacent to or adjoining the property which has been identified as contaminated land because it is in such a condition that harm or pollution of controlled waters might be caused on the property):-

No

3.13

- a) A contaminated land notice;
- b) In relation to a register maintained under section 78R of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 -
 - I) A decision to make an entry; or
 - II) An entry; or
- c) Consultation with the owner or occupier of the property conducted under Section 78G (3) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990

Informative

A negative reply does not imply that the property is free from contamination or from risk to it, and the reply may not disclose steps taken by another council in whose area adjacent or adjoining land is situated.

The Environment Act 1995 introduced a contaminated land regime forming part IIA of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 which became effective in April 2000. This change saw owner/occupiers become potentially liable for clean up costs as a Class 'B' "Appropriate Person."

Local Authorities are now responsible for preparation of reports on contamination in their respective areas and their subsequent local strategy. Local Authorities will intermittently inspect their areas in respect of contamination and take action against those seriously contaminated areas. Registers of remediation notices and contaminated land identified under Section 78R must also be kept. These registers do not form lists of contaminated sites; rather sites where Remediation Notices have been served. It is intended that information will also be included with regard to the condition of the land in question.

As part of the OneSearch Local Search we will inspect the remediation register where available.

Radon Gas

3.14. Do records indicate that the property is in a "Radon Affected Area" as identified by the UK Health Security Agency?

No **3.14**

No. The property is in an area where 0-1% of homes are estimated to be at or above the Action Level.

Informative

"Radon Affected Area" means a part of the country with a 1% probability or more of present or future homes being above the Action Level. Such areas are designated by the UK Health Security Agency which also advises Government on the numerical value of the "Radon Action Level" (the recommended maximum radon concentration for present homes expressed as an annual average concentration in the home. Radon concentrations above the Action Level should be reduced below it and become as low as reasonably practicable).

The areas are identified from radiological evidence and are periodically reviewed by the UK Health Security Agency. Existing homes in Affected Areas should have radon measurements. The present owner should say whether the radon concentration has been measured in the property; whether the result was at or above the Action Level and if so whether remedial measures were installed and whether the radon concentration was re-tested to assess the effectiveness of the remedy.

Radon preventative measures are required for new buildings in higher risk areas. For new properties the builder and/or the owners of properties built after 1988 should say whether protective measures were incorporated in the construction of the property.

Further information on radon, including an indicative version of the Radon Affected Areas map, the associated health risks and common questions and answers is available from UK Health Security Agency Radiation Protection Services website (<https://www.ukhsa-protectionservices.org.uk/radon/>). Alternatively information can be requested from UKHSA on 01235 825313 or by writing to UK Health Security Agency, Chilton, Didcot, Oxon, OX11 0RQ.

Assets of Community Value

3.15. (a) Has the property been nominated as an asset of community value? If so:-	No	3.15
(i) Is it listed as an asset of community value?	No	
(ii) Was it excluded and placed on the “nominated but not listed” list?	No	
(iii) Has the listing expired?	No	
(iv) Is the Local Authority reviewing or proposing to renew the listing?	No	
(v) Are there any subsisting appeals against the listing?	No	
(b) If the property is listed:		
(i) Has the Local Authority decided to apply to the Land Registry for an entry or cancellation of a restriction in respect of listed land affecting the property?	No	
(ii) Has the Local Authority received a notice of disposal?	No	
(iii) Has any community interest group requested to be treated as a bidder?	No	
<p>Informative Matters already entered on the Local Land Charges Register will not be revealed in answer to enquiry 3.15 (a)(i).</p>		

Search Information Sheet

Service Contact Details

Sheffield City Council

Howden House
Union Street
Sheffield
S1 2SH



Sheffield City Council

Sheffield City Council
Planning Department Howden House
1 Union Street
Sheffield
S1 2SH



0114 273 4215



UK Health Security Agency

UK Health Security Agency
10 South Colonnade
London
E14 4PU



020 7654 8000



enquiries@ukhsa.gov.uk

Crossrail

8 Cavell Mews
Flitwick
Bedford
MK45 1GT



0345 602 3813



helpdesk@crossrail.co.uk

HS2

28 Larch Road
Dartford
DA1 2LF



020 7944 4908



HS2enquiries@hs2.org.uk

Terms and Conditions

The Search Company

1. This Search Report was prepared, and the search carried out, by OneSearch Direct Limited, (Company number SC230285), 2nd Floor, Skypark SP1, 8 Elliot Place, Glasgow G3 8EP (referred to in these Notes as "OneSearch").
2. ONESEARCH Direct Limited is a limited company registered in Scotland.
3. OneSearch maintain contractual relationships with various persons involved in the conveyancing process in the UK. OneSearch will disclose on the Search Report any personal or business relationship which it has with any person involved in the sale of the property who is identified at the point of ordering the search. OneSearch cannot accept any liability for failing to disclose a relationship where the involvement of a person in the transaction was not made known to it at the time of ordering the search.

Terms for Preparation of Search

4. This Search Report does not consider whether all necessary consents have been obtained. Purchasing agents are advised to obtain the necessary documentation from the vendors.
5. The information in this Search Report has been prepared following a search of (a) publicly available property related information held by the relevant local authority; and (b) property related information derived from the relevant local authority held by OneSearch. The address of OneSearch is set out in paragraph 1 above in this Notes section. Copies of relevant documents held by the relevant local authority can be obtained by contacting the relevant local authority at the said address. Fees and contact information for obtaining copies of such documents are available on request by contacting us on 0800 052 0117 or by e-mailing cs@onesearchdirect.co.uk. The searches from which this Search Report was prepared were completed on the date this Search Report was issued (the said date of issue being the date stated on page 1 of the report.)

Scope of Area Searched

6. Local Plan policies, proposals and recommendations: only those which apply directly to the property of the search are disclosed.
7. Planning applications and building regulations on the property only have been searched. The minimum search period is 10 years.

Definition of Search Terms

8. Definition of Search Terms - Roads
 - . Any road (as defined by the Highways Act 1980) or part thereof which has been taken over and is maintained by the local Roads Authority is denoted as Public.
 - . Any road (as defined by the Highways Act 1980) or part thereof which has not been taken over and is not maintained by the local Roads Authority is denoted as Private.

Legal Issues

9. The Search Report has been prepared with reasonable care and skill by staff trained and employed by OneSearch.
10. The seller of the subjects or the person acting as his/her estate agent may make copies of this Search Report subject to our prior agreement.
11. These terms are enforceable against OneSearch not only by the seller of the property but also by the actual or potential purchaser of, or mortgage lender in respect of, the property, in their own right.

Cancellations

12. Wherever possible, we will cancel a request without attaching a charge. In some instances, however, we may need to recover costs which have already been incurred. Any such costs will be applied in line with the following timescales:
- Any personal search cancelled up to one working day after the order is placed can be cancelled without charge
 - Any personal search cancelled on the expected return date, or one working day before, will attract a 100% charge
 - Any personal search cancellation request made between these times will attract a 50% charge.
 - Any ancillary report cancellation request received where no work has been carried out can be cancelled without charge. Any direct costs incurred will be passed on and charged in full.

Should you have any questions regarding the cancellation policy please contact the Customer Services Department on 0800 052 0117.

Queries

13. Any queries or complaints regarding the content of the Search Report; the manner in which the search was prepared or completed; or the service provided by staff of OneSearch should be submitted in the first instance to the Customer Services Department by telephone on 0800 052 0117 or by emailing cs@onesearchdirect.co.uk. Claims may also be made under the relevant insurance. (See also under Liability and Insurance below.)

Liability and Insurance

14. This search is protected by Professional Indemnity Insurance arranged by Tokio Marine HCC, the limit of which is £10,000,000. This indemnity also provides cover for errors and omissions in local authority and water company data/records which are used to compile our search reports. The search further benefits from 6 years run-off.
15. If the insurance company goes out of business, compensation may be available from the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS). The Financial Ombudsman Service may also provide help in resolving disputes involving insurance companies.

Complaints Procedure

16. OneSearch Direct is registered with the Property Codes Compliance Board as a subscriber to the Search Code. A key commitment under the Code is that firms will handle any complaints both speedily and fairly.

If you want to make a complaint, we will:

- Acknowledge your complaint within 5 working days of receipt
- Normally deal with it fully and provide a final response, in writing, within 20 working days of receipt
- Keep you informed by letter, telephone or e-mail, as you prefer, if we need more time
- Provide a final response, in writing, at the latest within 40 working days of receipt
- Liaise, at your request, with anyone acting formally on your behalf

If you are not satisfied with our final response, or if we exceed the response timescales, you may refer the complaint to The Property Ombudsman scheme (TPOs); Tel: 01722 333306, website: www.tpos.co.uk, email: admin@tpos.co.uk.

We will co-operate fully with the Ombudsman during an investigation and comply with his decision.

Complaints should be sent to: cs@onesearchdirect.co.uk

or

Customer Services Manager
OneSearch Direct
Skypark SP1
8 Elliot Place
Glasgow
G3 8EP
Tel: 0800 052 0117

The Search Company, OneSearch Direct have a contractual relationship with the following parties to the compilation of your search

HA1 Limited (INTEGRATION TESTING ONLY)



Fact Sheet for Homebuyers



Why do I need this search?

Your conveyancer has requested this search to make sure there are no nasty surprises lurking within your property. It is usually a lender requirement that you obtain a local search before they will agree to release the finance you need to complete your property transaction. But what does it all mean?

08 - Civil Aviation Charges	
Description Of Charge (including reference to appropriate statutory provision)	Originating Authority
Reference ABCXX. Aerodrome safeguard zones. Within the boundary of the Aerodrome Safeguarding Area there may be restrictions on all buildings, structures, erections and works exceeding 90 metres in height (295.3 feet) - DfT circular 2003.	North Somerset Council

Local Land Charges

The Land Charges Register will highlight any restrictions on use, or financial obligations placed on the property. These are generally binding on successive owners, so it's very important that your conveyancer explains this part thoroughly to you.

Planning Decisions

Have previous owners been rejected for that extension you had your eye on? Has permission been granted for those double glazed windows on your property that is within a Conservation Area? You can find out in this section of the report.

1.1. Which of the following relating to the property have been granted, issued or refused or (where applicable) are the subject of pending applications:-		
Section 1.1 (a)	Planning Permissions	None
Section 1.1 (b)	Listed Building Consents	None
Section 1.1 (c)	Conservation Area Consents	None
Section 1.1 (d)	Certificate of Lawfulness of Existing Use or Development	None
Section 1.1 (e)	Certificate of Lawfulness of Proposed Use or Development	None

Section 1.1 (f)	Building Regulations Approvals
Section 1.1 (g)	Building Regulations Completion Certificate
Section 1.1 (h)	Any building regulations certificate or notice issued in respect of work carried out under a competent person self-certification scheme?

Building Regulations

Have any works that have been carried out on property been done with appropriate consent? This section will reveal any applications made to Building Control for changes to the property. This is important as any works without appropriate consent may result in the council taking action and as the new homeowner you would be liable for remediation work.

Planning Designations and Proposals

Local Plans are vital for setting out what types of development can be permitted within a local development framework. This includes housing, business, and essential infrastructure.

1.2. What designations of land use for the property or the area, and what specific proposals for the property, are contained in any existing or proposed development plan?	
North Somerset Council Local Development Framework	
Clevedon, Nailsea, and Portishead	Adopted
North Somerset Replacement Local Plan Adopted#1390	Adopted
Local Plan Policy	Conservation Area
Local Plan Policy	Borough Boundary
Local Plan Policy	Forest of Avon
Local Plan Policy	Settlement Boundary

Roads

If your road is not maintainable at public expense, you could be liable for its maintenance and repairs. Your conveyancer will clarify ownership and liability should the search return a "private" result.

2. Which of the roads, footways and footpaths named in the application for this search are:-					
(a) Highway Maintainable at Public Expense					
Name	Carriageway	Footway	Footpath	Verge	
Sample Hill, Portishead	Public	Public	None	None	
Footpath to side	None	None	Private	None	

Fact Sheet for Homebuyers



Important! Please note...

Your conveyancer will discuss with you any issues that have been flagged up in this report. If there's a section you would like more information on, please get in touch with them directly and they can advise you further.

3.6 Has a local authority approved but not yet implemented any of the following for roads, footways and footpaths which abut the boundaries of the property:

- (a) Permanent stopping up or diversion;
- (b) Waiting or loading restrictions
- (c) One way driving
- (d) Prohibition of driving
- (e) Pedestrianisation
- (f) Vehicle width or weight restrictions
- (g) Traffic calming works including road humps
- (h) Residents parking controls
- (i) Minor road widening or improvement
- (j) Pedestrian crossings
- (k) Cycle tracks; or
- (l) Bridge building?

Roads, Railway and Traffic Schemes

Are there any proposals to construct a new road or railway nearby? What about proposed speed bumps outside your front door? This report will search within 200m for road and railway schemes, and will detect any relevant traffic schemes.

Notices and Orders

This section of the search will report on any enforcement action connected to the property, whether that be proposed, served, appealed, or withdrawn. This includes Breach of Condition Notices and Listed Building Notices.

3.9. Do any of the following subsist in relation to the property, or has a local authority decided to issue, serve, make or commence any of the following:-

(a) Enforcement Notice	No
(b) Stop Notice	No
(c) Listed Building Enforcement Notice	No
(d) Breach of Condition Notice	No
(e) Planning Contravention Notice	No

3.12. Do any of the following apply (including any relating to land adjacent to or adjoining the property which has been identified as contaminated land because it is in such a condition that harm or pollution of controlled waters might be caused on the property):-

No

- a) A contaminated land notice;
- b) In relation to a register maintained under section 78R of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 -
 - i) A decision to make an entry; or
 - ii) An entry; or
- c) Consultation with the owner or occupier of the property conducted under Section 78G (3) of the Environmental Protection Act 1990

Contaminated Land

If there is contaminated land at the site of your property, and if the original polluter cannot be traced, there are instances when the new owner of the land may become liable for remediation (including compensating others who are affected by it!). Your conveyancer will be able to advise you of any liability risks.

What does this search NOT include?

Matters that are not specific to your property will not be included within this search, unless stated otherwise. Your conveyancer should also obtain other searches as required, which may include Drainage & Water, Environmental Searches and Mining Searches.

Please ensure you are comfortable with the content of this search before you fully commit to purchasing the property.

Important Consumer Protection Information



This search has been produced by Onesearch Direct (Address: Skypark SP1, 8 Elliot Place, Glasgow G3 8EP Telephone: 0800 052 0117 Fax: 0141 572 2033 or E-mail: cs@onesearchdirect.co.uk) which is registered with the Property Codes Compliance Board (PCCB) as a subscriber to the Search Code. The PCCB independently monitors how registered search firms maintain compliance with the Code.

The Search Code:

- provides protection for homebuyers, sellers, estate agents, conveyancers and mortgage lenders who rely on the information included in property search reports undertaken by subscribers on residential and commercial property within the United Kingdom
- sets out minimum standards which firms compiling and selling search reports have to meet
- promotes the best practice and quality standards within the industry for the benefit of consumers and property professionals
- enables consumers and property professionals to have confidence in firms which subscribe to the code, their products and services.

By giving you this information, the search firm is confirming that they keep to the principles of the Code. This provides important protection for you.

The Code's core principles

Firms which subscribe to the Search Code will:

- Display the Code logo prominently on their search reports.
- Act with integrity and carry out work with due skill, care and diligence.
- At all times maintain adequate and appropriate insurance to protect consumers.
- Conduct business in an honest, fair and professional manner.
- Handle complaints speedily and fairly.
- Ensure that all search services comply with the law, registration rules and standards.
- Monitor their compliance with the Code.

Complaints

If you have a query or complaint about your search, you should raise it directly with the search firm, and if appropriate ask for any complaint to be considered under their formal internal complaints procedure. If you remain dissatisfied with the firm's final response, after your complaint has been formally considered, or if the firm has exceeded the response timescales, you may refer your complaint for consideration under The Property Ombudsman scheme (TPOs). The Ombudsman can award up to £5,000 to you if the Ombudsman finds that you have suffered actual financial loss and/or aggravation, distress or inconvenience as a result of your search provider failing to keep to the Code.

Please note that all queries or complaints regarding your search should be directed to your search provider in the first instance, not to TPOs or to the PCCB.

TPOs Contact Details:

The Property Ombudsman scheme
Milford House,
43-55 Milford Street,
Salisbury,
Wiltshire
SP1 2BP
Tel: 01722 333306
Fax: 01722 332296
Email: admin@tpos.co.uk

You can get more information about the PCCB from www.propertycodes.org.uk.

PLEASE ASK YOUR SEARCH PROVIDER IF YOU WOULD LIKE A COPY OF THE SEARCH CODE

Property Address

33, Potter Hill Lane, High Green, Sheffield, S35 4JE.

Records searched indicate

Water undertaker:	Yorkshire Water	■
Water connection:	Connected	■
Water within boundary:	Not identified	■
Sewer undertaker:	Yorkshire Water	■
Sewer connection:	Connected	■
Surface connection:	Connected	■
Sewers within boundary:	Not identified	■

Legend

Typical response	■
Caution - please refer to relevant question	■
Needs attention	■

Got questions?

If you have any questions about the contents of this Drainage and Water Search, please contact our Customer Service team on [0800 052 0117](tel:0800 052 0117) or email cs@onesearchdirect.co.uk

Prepared by:

Alexander McGuire

Drainage & Water Team

Your reference:
20260501104460

Client reference:
**33, POTTER HILL LANE,
HIGH GREEN,
SHEFFIELD, S35 4**

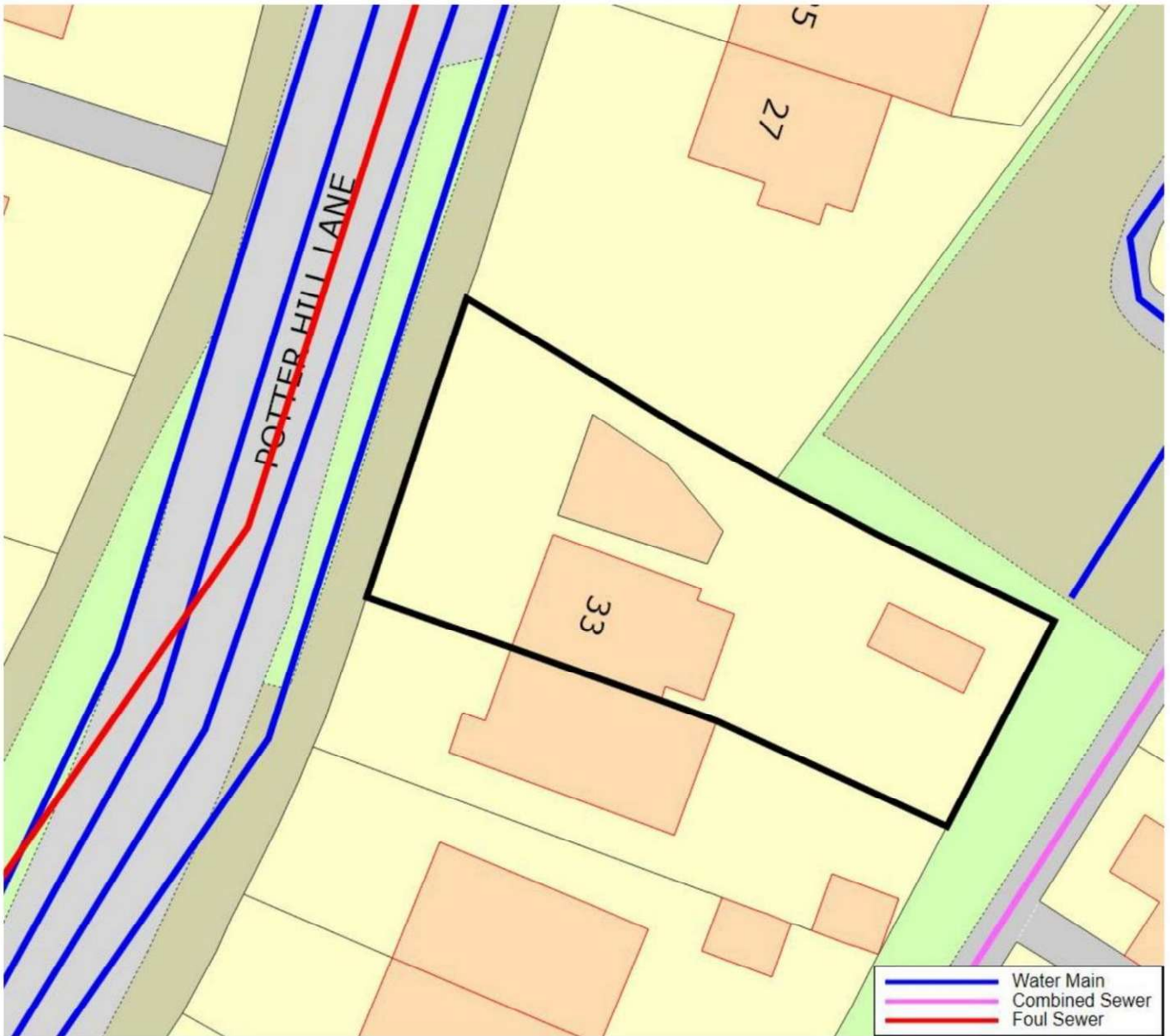
Our reference:
D03588558

Date prepared:
11-05-2026



Summary

1.1	Drainage map	Enclosed
1.2	Water map	Enclosed
2.1	Foul water connected to public sewer	Connected
2.2	Surface water connected to public sewer	Connected
2.3	Surface water charges payable	Refer to vendor
2.4	Drainage assets within boundary	Not identified
2.4.1	Surface water assets within boundary	Insured
2.5	Public sewer within 100ft	Found
2.5.1	Public sewer apparatus within 50m	Insured
2.6	Adoption agreements	None found
2.7	Building over agreements	See details
2.8	Internal flooding risk	Insured
2.9	Distance to treatment works	Insured
3.1	Mains water connection	Connected
3.2	Water assets within boundary	Not identified
3.3	Water adoption agreements	See details
3.4	Water pressure	Insured
3.5	Water supply classification	See details
3.6	Water meter location	See details
4.1.1	Sewerage undertaker	See Answer
4.1.2	Water Undertaker	See Answer
4.2	Sewerage service billing	Refer to vendor
4.3	Water service billing	Refer to vendor
4.4	Charging basis	Refer to vendor
4.5	Charging basis change expected	Insured



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Notes

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>1. The position of any apparatus shown on this plan is given without obligation and warranty, and the accuracy cannot be guaranteed. No liability is accepted by OneSearch Direct for any error or omission. Assets are indicated for reference purposes only.</p> <p>2. Private drains and sewers connecting the property to the public system may not be shown as water companies have not historically held these details. Only those assets indicated on the publicly available statutory maps are reproduced on this plan.</p> | <p>3. Section 104 sewers may not be shown on this plan.</p> <p>4. On 1st October 2011 some private assets transferred to water company ownership, including private sewers and lateral drains. These assets will be indicated where they have been added to the statutory sewer maps, but may not be shown due to the historical nature of private sewers (See note 2).</p> <p>5. The presence of service pipes should be anticipated and the actual position of mains should be verified and established on site prior to commencing any work</p> |
|--|--|

1. Maps

Enclosed



1.1 Sewer map

Where relevant, please include a copy of an extract from the public sewer map.

Answer

Please refer to the map provided within this report. Where relevant, assets have been transcribed onto this map.

Important notes

The pipes identified on the public sewer map as sewers are classified as assets for which the relevant Sewerage Undertaker holds statutory responsibility, in accordance with the Water Industry Act 1991.

Please note that Sewerage Undertakers do not maintain responsibility for features such as rivers, watercourses, ponds, culverts, or highway drains. Where these are shown on the map extract, they are included for informational purposes only and do not imply statutory responsibility.

Where private sewers or lateral drains are shown as being adoptable subject to a Section 104 agreement under the Water Industry Act 1991, these representations are not 'as constructed' records. We recommend that such details be verified directly with the developer or responsible party, where applicable.

In some cases, additional assets beyond public sewers, disposal mains, or lateral drains may appear on the map extract. These are also provided for information only and should not be interpreted as assets under the undertaker's statutory remit.

Enclosed



1.2 Water map

Where relevant, please include a copy of an extract from the map of waterworks.

Answer

Please refer to the map provided within this report. Where relevant, assets have been transcribed onto this map.

Important notes

The pipes identified on the public water map as water mains are classified as assets for which the relevant Water Undertaker holds statutory responsibility, in accordance with the Water Industry Act 1991.

Please note that Water Undertakers do not maintain responsibility for private water mains or private service pipes connecting the property to the public water main and do not hold details for these. Where these are shown on the map extract, they are included for informational purposes only and do not imply statutory responsibility.

Responsibility for these private connections lies with the property owner, and where shared arrangements exist, responsibility may be joint with neighbouring properties. These private assets may cross land not owned by the seller, and prospective buyers may wish to investigate whether legal easements or access rights are in place for inspection, maintenance, or renewal.

2. Drainage

Connected



2.1 Foul water

Does foul water from the property drain to a public sewer?

Answer

Records indicate that foul water from the property drains to a public sewer.

Important notes

The response above is based on the location of any public sewers as shown on the enclosed extract from the sewer records. This report should be read in conjunction with the property's water and sewerage bills, the vendor's property information questionnaire and any independent survey you may have commissioned.

Please note that Sewerage Undertakers do not maintain records of private drains or sewers that connect individual properties to the public network. Responsibility for these private connections typically lies with the property owner, and where shared arrangements exist, responsibility may be joint with neighbouring properties. These private assets may cross land not owned by the seller, and prospective buyers may wish to investigate whether legal easements or access rights are in place for inspection, maintenance, or renewal.

The enclosed sewer map highlights known public sewers near the property. From this, it may be possible to estimate the likely route and extent of any private drainage infrastructure serving the property.

If foul water does not drain to the public sewerage system, the property may have private facilities in the form of a septic tank, cesspit or other types of treatment plant.



2.2 Surface water

Does surface water from the property drain to a public sewer?

Answer

Records indicate that surface water from the property drains to a public sewer.

Important notes

The response above is based on the location of a public sewer as shown on the enclosed extract from the sewer records. This report should be read in conjunction with the property's water and sewerage bills, the vendor's property information questionnaire and any independent survey you may have commissioned.

Please note that Sewerage Undertakers do not maintain records of private drains or sewers that connect individual properties to the public network. Responsibility for these private connections typically lies with the property owner, and where shared arrangements exist, responsibility may be joint with neighbouring properties. These private assets may cross land not owned by the seller, and prospective buyers may wish to investigate whether legal easements or access rights are in place for inspection, maintenance, or renewal.

In certain instances, the records maintained by the Sewerage Undertaker may not clearly differentiate between foul water and surface water connections to the public sewerage network. If on inspection the buyer finds that the property does not discharge surface water to the public sewer, the property may be entitled to a reduction in the surface water drainage charges. Further information regarding eligibility and application procedures can be obtained directly from the relevant Water Company.

Where surface water from the property does not discharge into the public sewerage system, it is likely that alternative drainage arrangements are in place. These may include a soakaway system, a private outfall to a nearby watercourse, or integration with a Sustainable Urban Drainage System (SuDS). SuDS are designed to manage rainfall in a way that mimics natural processes, helping to reduce flood risk, improve water quality, and support biodiversity. They form part of a broader green infrastructure approach to urban water management.

The enclosed sewer map highlights known public sewers near the property. From this, it may be possible to estimate the likely route and extent of any private drainage infrastructure serving the property.

Refer to vendor



2.3 Surface water charges

Is a surface water drainage charge payable?

Answer

Please refer to the vendor or pre-contract documents. Obtaining a copy of a recent water bill will confirm the charging basis for the property.

Important notes

If surface water from a property enters the public sewer, a surface water drainage charge is usually included in the water and sewerage bill.

If a surface water drainage charge is applied, but the purchaser ascertains on inspection or an independent survey that surface water from the property does not discharge into a public sewer (for instance, if it drains to a soakaway or private system), the property may qualify for a rebate from the relevant Water Company.

For properties built after 6th of April 2015, the surface water drainage may be served by a Sustainable Drainage System. Further information may be available from the developer.



2.4 Drainage assets within boundary

Does the public sewer map indicate any public sewer, disposal main, or lateral drain within the boundaries of the property?

Answer

The map does not indicate an asset within the boundaries of the property.

Important notes

This report should be read in conjunction with the property's sewerage and water billing records, any relevant survey documentation, and the vendor's property questionnaire. Since 1st October 2011, most private sewers subject to adoption agreements have been transferred into public ownership.

As a result, additional assets may exist within or near the property boundary that are not shown on the attached plan. The presence of a sewer is identified based on its proximity as indicated. Public assets shown as sewers are those for which the Sewerage Undertaker holds statutory responsibility under the Water Industry Act 1991.

For new or recently developed sites, purchasers must confirm asset records directly with the developer, as such details may not yet be reflected on the public sewer map.



2.4.1 Surface water assets within boundary

Does the public sewer map indicate any public pumping station or any other ancillary apparatus within the boundaries of the property?

Answer

Insurance has been implemented to indemnify against any Adverse Entries to this question which may affect this property.

Important notes

This indemnifies the Buyer, Seller, and Lender against the lesser of the deficit or that part of the deficit which results directly from the difference between the Market Value of the property without the Adverse Entry and the Market Value with the Adverse Entry.



2.5 Public sewer within 100 feet

Does the public sewer map indicate any public sewer, disposal main, or lateral drain within 30.48 metres (100 feet) of the boundary of the property?

Answer

The public sewer map shows that there is a public sewer within 30.48 metres (100 feet) of the property boundary. It is possible for private sewers to exist within the radius which would not be shown on the public map.

Important notes

This report should be read in conjunction with the property's sewerage and water billing records, any relevant survey documentation, and the vendor's property questionnaire.

Since 1st October 2011, most private sewers subject to adoption agreements have been transferred into public ownership. As a result, additional public assets may exist within or near the property boundary that are not shown on the attached plan. The presence of a public sewer is identified based on its proximity as indicated.

Public assets shown as sewers are those for which the Sewerage Undertaker holds statutory responsibility under the Water Industry Act 1991.

For new or recently developed sites, the recipient must confirm asset records directly with the developer, as such details may not yet be reflected on the public sewer map.



2.5.1 Public sewer within 50m

Does the public sewer map indicate any public pumping station or any other ancillary apparatus within 50m of the property boundary?

Answer

Insurance has been implemented to indemnify against any Adverse Entries in response to this question which may affect this property.

Important notes

This indemnifies the Buyer, Seller and Lender against the lesser of the deficit or that part of the deficit which results directly from the difference between the Market Value of the property without the Adverse Entry and the Market Value with the Adverse Entry.



2.6 Adoption

Are any sewer or lateral drains serving, or which are proposed to serve the property the subject of an existing adoption agreement or an application for such an agreement?

Answer

Records indicate that the sewers serving the property are not the subject of an existing adoption agreement or an application for such an agreement.

Important notes

On 1 October 2011, in accordance with the Water Industry (Schemes for Adoption of Private Sewers) Regulations, all adoptable foul sewers subject to Section 104 agreements and laid prior to 1 July 2011 were transferred into public ownership, provided they were connected to the public sewerage system by that date. This transfer excluded any sewers that discharge to privately owned sewerage treatment or collection facilities.

Additionally, adoptable surface water sewers under Section 104 agreements were transferred where they discharge to the public sewerage system. However, those discharging to private watercourses, soakaways, or other non-public systems were not included in the transfer.

It should be noted that water company asset records are currently undergoing review and updates. As a result, some transferred assets may not yet be reflected on the public sewer map. Consequently, there may be sewers that are either not recorded or still shown as adoptable assets pending mapping updates.

[See details](#)

2.7 Building over agreements

Has a sewerage undertaker approved or been consulted about any plans to erect a building or extension on the property over or in the vicinity of a public sewer, disposal main or drain?

Answer

There is no statutory access to records confirming whether the sewerage undertaker has approved or been consulted about plans to erect a building or extension on the property or in the vicinity of a public sewer. Where a public asset is shown within the property boundary, further enquiries should be made with the relevant sewerage undertaker.

Important notes

Buildings or extensions constructed over a public sewer without the required consent may not comply with Part H4 of the Building Regulations, and alterations or removal could be necessary.

From 1 October 2011, many private sewers were transferred into public ownership. The sewerage undertaker may not have been consulted about developments over or near these assets.

Not all transferred assets are currently shown on public sewer maps. Therefore, additional sewers may exist that are not recorded, and caution is advised.



2.8 Internal flooding

Is the building which is, or forms, part of the property at risk of internal flooding due to overloaded public sewers?

Answer

Insurance has been implemented to indemnify against any Adverse Entries in response to this question which may affect this property.

Important notes

This indemnifies the Buyer, Seller, and Lender against the lesser of the deficit or that part of the deficit which results directly from the difference between the Market Value of the property without the Adverse Entry and the Market Value with the Adverse Entry.



2.9 Sewage treatment works

Please state the distance from the property to the nearest boundary of the nearest sewage treatment works.

Answer

Insurance has been implemented to indemnify against any Adverse Entries in response to this question which may affect this property.

Important notes

This indemnifies the Buyer, Seller, and Lender against the lesser of the deficit or that part of the deficit which results directly from the difference between the Market Value of the property without the Adverse Entry and the Market Value with the Adverse Entry.

3. Water

Connected



3.1 Mains water

Is the property connected to mains water supply?

Answer

Records indicate that the property is connected to the mains water supply.

Important notes

The response above is based on the location of any public water pipes as shown on the enclosed extract from the water records.

This report should be read in conjunction with the property's water and sewerage bills, the vendor's property information questionnaire and any independent survey you may have commissioned.

Not identified



3.2 Water assets within boundary

Are there any water mains within the boundaries of the property?

Answer

The map indicates there are no water mains within the boundaries of the property.

Important notes

Where a public water main is located within the boundary of a property, it may impose restrictions on future development or construction activities. This is due to statutory rights held by the relevant Water Undertaker, which include legal access to maintain, repair, or upgrade their infrastructure.

In such cases, representatives or contractors acting on behalf of the Water Undertaker may require entry to the property to carry out necessary works. These rights are exercised under statutory provisions and typically require advance notice.

See details



3.3 Water adoption

Is any water main or service pipe serving, or which is proposed to serve the property, the subject of an existing adoption agreement or an application for such an agreement?

Answer

Records indicate that water supply serving the property are not the subject of an existing adoption agreement or an application for such an agreement.

Important notes

For recent or ongoing developments where no agreement is in place and no public water mains are visible within the development, purchasers are advised to consult with the developer to determine the extent of any private water infrastructure for which they may assume responsibility.

Purchasers should also confirm whether the developer has approached the relevant Water Undertaker to arrange for water services to be supplied.



3.4 Water pressure

Is the property at risk of receiving low water pressure or flow?

Answer

Insurance has been implemented to indemnify against any Adverse Entries in response to this question which may affect this property.

Important notes

This indemnifies the Buyer, Seller, and Lender against the lesser of the deficit or that part of the deficit which results directly from the difference between the Market Value of the property without the Adverse Entry and the Market Value with the Adverse Entry.

[See details](#)

3.5 Water supply classification

What is the classification of the water supply for the property?

Answer

Please refer to the vendor. Obtaining a copy of a recent water bill will confirm the classification for the property.

[See details](#)

3.6 Water meter

Please include details of the location of any water meter serving the property.

Answer

Please refer to the vendor. Obtaining a copy of a recent water bill will confirm the charging basis for the property.

4. Undertakers

See Answer



4.1.1 Sewerage undertaker

Who is responsible for providing the sewerage services for the property?

Answer

Yorkshire Water

Yorkshire Water Services Ltd, Western House, Halifax Road,, Bradford, BD6 2SZ.

Telephone: 0845 1 24 24 24

See Answer



4.1.2 Water undertaker

Who is responsible for providing the water services for the property?

Answer

Yorkshire Water

Yorkshire Water Services Ltd, Western House, Halifax Road,, Bradford, BD6 2SZ.

Telephone: 0845 1 24 24 24

Refer to vendor



4.2 Sewerage service billing

Who bills the property for sewerage services?

Answer

Please refer to the vendor. Obtaining a copy of a recent water bill will confirm the charging basis for the property.

Refer to vendor



4.3 Water service billing

Who bills the property for water services?

Answer

Please refer to the vendor. Obtaining a copy of a recent water bill will confirm the charging basis for the property.

Refer to vendor



4.4 Charging basis

What is the current basis for charging for sewerage and water services at the property?

Answer

Please refer to the vendor. Obtaining a copy of a recent water bill will confirm the charging basis for the property.



4.5 Charging basis change

Will the basis for charging for sewerage and water services at the property change as a consequence of a change of occupation?

Answer

Insurance has been implemented to indemnify against any Adverse Entries in response to this question which may affect this property.

Important notes

This indemnifies the Buyer, Seller, and Lender against the lesser of the deficit or that part of the deficit which results directly from the difference between the Market Value of the property without the Adverse Entry and the Market Value with the Adverse Entry.

Report Limitations

This report has been prepared specifically for use in connection with an individual residential property transaction. It is not intended to support or inform decisions related to property development.

The findings presented are based on information provided by the client and data sourced from selected private and public databases. No physical site investigation has been conducted. As such, while every effort has been made to ensure accuracy, OSD cannot guarantee that all potential issues have been identified, nor can we verify the completeness or accuracy of third-party data sources. OSD accepts no liability for any inaccuracies arising from third-party data.

We recommend that this report be considered alongside the property's water and sewerage bill, the vendor's property information questionnaire, any independent surveys, and professional legal advice.

Terms and Conditions

The Search Company

1. This Search Report was prepared by:
OneSearch Direct Limited
2nd Floor
Skypark 1
8 Elliot Place
Glasgow
G3 8EP
Tel: [0800 062 0117](tel:08000620117)
Email: cs@onesearchdirect.co.uk
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12. OneSearch is registered with the Property Codes Compliance Board as a subscriber to the Search Code. The Ombudsman can award up to £500 in compensation if the Ombudsman finds that you have suffered actual financial loss and/or aggravation as a result of your search provider failing to keep to the Code.

If you make a complaint, we will:

- Acknowledge your complaint within 5 working days of receipt.
- Normally deal with it fully and provide a final response in writing within 20 working days of receipt.
- Keep you informed by letter, telephone or email as you prefer if there needs to be more time.
- Provide a final response, in writing, within 40 working days of receipt.

Complaints should be addressed to Customer Services as set out in paragraph 1, either by letter, email, or telephone.

If you are not satisfied with our final response, you may refer your complaint to:

The Property Ombudsman

Tel: 01722 333306

Email: admin@tpos.co.uk

We will cooperate fully with the Ombudsman and comply with his decision.

Homecheck Residential

Property address

33 Potter Hill Lane, High Green, SHEFFIELD, S35 4JE, England



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Homebuyer advice

This report is designed to help you understand environmental factors that might be relevant to your property. As this report includes a range of risk factors, we recommend reading each section to find out more and check our guidance. For more information, please see our FAQs: <https://www.landmark.co.uk/legal-conveyancing/legal-reports-support/>



Professional opinion

Contaminated Land [Page 2](#) **Passed**

Full assessment

Ground stability [Page 3](#) **Not Identified**

Radon [Page 4](#) **Not Identified**

Planning constraints [Page 5](#) **Identified**

Alert Assessment

Flood [Page 6](#) **Not Identified**

Coal mining [Page 7](#) **Coal report required**

Planning applications [Page 8](#) **Identified**

Energy & Infrastructure [Page 9](#) **Identified**

Report date
02 May 2026

Order ID
XOA-9133-1238-7805

Your reference
OSDD03588559



Contaminated Land

PROFESSIONAL OPINION

Passed

Passed Certificate

No liability identified

The property is unlikely to be designated "contaminated land" within the meaning of Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990.

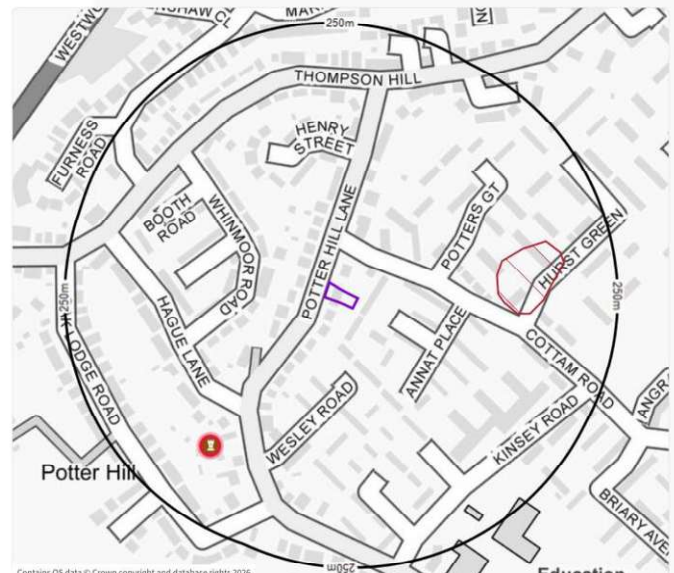
Approved by:

Landmark Contribution

By purchasing this report, the recipient may be eligible for remediation contribution of up to £100,000 if served with a Remediation Notice by the local authority. Such a notice may require the homeowner to pay for all, or contribute to, the remediation of the property. For more information see Landmark's Terms and Conditions.

Why we search this

Local Authorities have a duty to investigate potential land contamination. Where they identify a significant hazard, the owner of the land may find themselves liable to remediate. The aim of this assessment is to flag whether there is a risk of liability at your property, so it can be addressed as part of your due diligence process.



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Risk	Search radius	Result
Multiple features present		
Authorised Industrial Processes	On-site	Not Identified
Landfill & Waste	On-site	Not Identified
Incidents & Enforcements	On-site	Not Identified
Current Land Uses	On-site	Not Identified
Historical Land Uses	On-site	Not Identified

Ground stability FULL ASSESSMENT

Not Identified

Summary

We have not identified a risk of ground stability hazards at the property.

Recommendation

- If any active ground instability appears to be affecting your property, inform your insurance company, mortgage lender, landlord or get specialist advice from a suitably qualified expert such as a structural surveyor, geotechnical engineer or chartered engineering geologist.

Why we search this

Subsidence is caused by movement in the ground beneath a property, impacting the security of the foundations. This can cause the walls and floors to shift, leading to cracks and potentially destabilising the construction of the property.



Risk	Search radius	Result
Multiple features present		
Natural hazards	Mixed	Not Identified
Man-made hazards	On-site	Not Identified
Mining	Mixed	Not Identified
Brine and Salt	On-site	Not Identified

 **Radon** FULL ASSESSMENT

Not Identified 

Summary

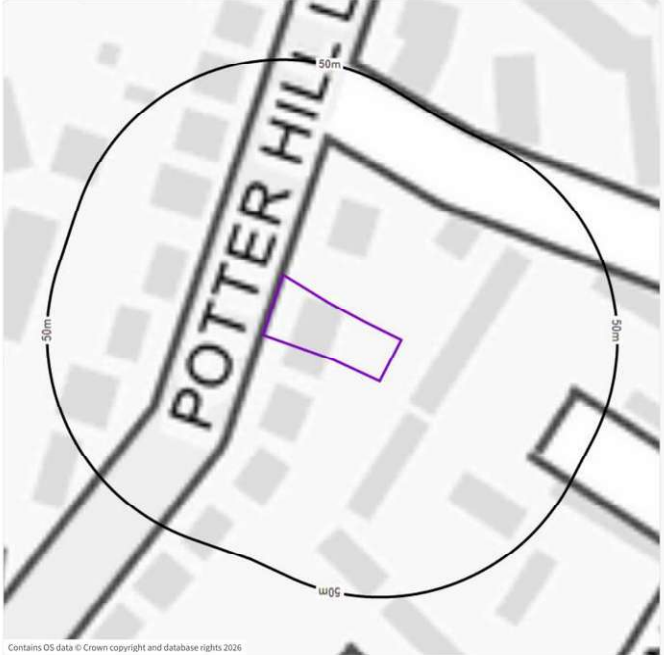
The property is not in a radon affected area. Less than 1% of homes are estimated to be at or above the action level.

Recommendations

- 1 The result is only valid for properties above ground. All basements and cellars are considered to be at additional risk from high radon levels. If an underground room such as a cellar or basement makes up part of the living accommodation, the property should be tested regardless of the radon affected area status.
- 2 No protective measures are considered necessary in the construction of new buildings or extensions.

Why we search this

Radon is a radioactive gas which occurs naturally in rocks and soils. You cannot see, hear, feel or taste it. Radon is known to be carcinogenic, and exposure to particularly high levels of radon may increase the risk of developing lung cancer. It is easily identified, and measures can be put in place to disperse the gas, either at the time of building a property or retrospectively.



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Risk	Search radius	Result
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Radon risk	On-site	Not Identified

⊘ Planning constraints FULL ASSESSMENT

Identified **⚠**

Summary

We have identified records of environmental designations at the property. We have not identified any records of pylons or masts within 250m of the property.

Recommendations

- 1 If you are considering carrying out development on this property, you will need to contact your Local Planning Authority to see if there would be any implications.
- 2 Visit the property to ensure there are no other features which would be of concern.


Important note

Not all of the available datasets will be represented as polygons on the map. For full details of any identified features, please consult the data appendix.

Why we search this

Some additional factors could have an influence over the property or surrounding area. This includes nearby pylons or masts, or environmental designations such as areas of outstanding natural beauty. Whilst environmental designations can be considered a positive, they can affect the ability to carry out any development at the property.



 **Flood** ALERT ASSESSMENT

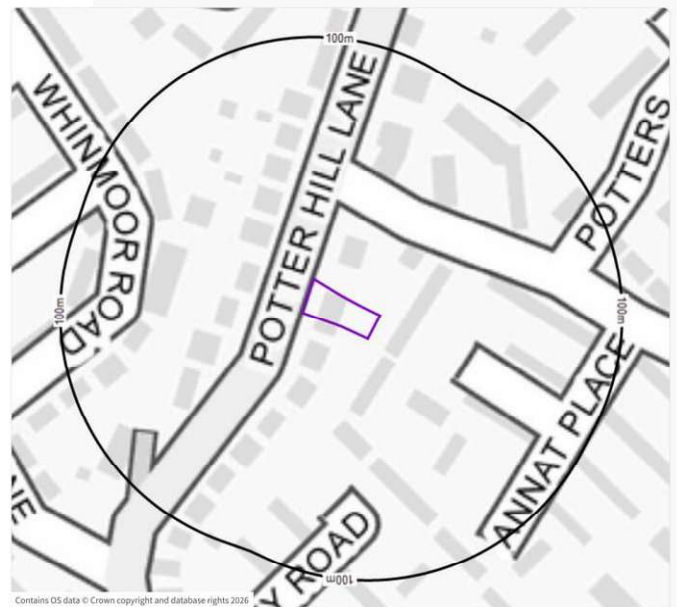
Not Identified 

Summary

We have identified the property to be within an area that is at minimal or no risk of flooding.

Why we search this

1 in 6 properties in the UK are at risk of flooding, and this risk varies in severity. Flood risk can impact your ability to get home insurance at standard terms, and can also impact property value if flooding were to occur. We are alerting you to the presence of flood risk at the property location, and will recommend when we consider further investigations to be prudent.



Risk	Search radius	Result
 River	On-site	Not Identified
 Coastal	On-site	Not Identified
 Surface Water	On-site	Not Identified
 Groundwater	On-site	Not Identified
 Other	50m	Not Identified

Coal mining POWERED BY PINPOINTCOAL ALERT ASSESSMENT

Coal report required ⚠️

Summary

We have identified a potential risk from coal mining at the property.

Recommendations

- 1 We recommend you order a Landmark Coal report through your usual report provider.
- 2 Ask the seller whether the property has been impacted by coal mining in the past.
- 3 Establish the availability of buildings and contents insurance before exchanging contracts.

Why we search this

Coal mining and associated ground stability risks are present in certain locations across the UK as a result of past mining activities conducted to satisfy demand for coal as it increased throughout the Industrial Revolution. These mining activities have left a legacy of ground stability and/or subsidence risks.

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Risk	Search buffer	Result
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Coal mining risk	On-site	Identified

🏠 Planning Applications

ALERT ASSESSMENT

Identified ⚠️

Planning applications

We have identified planning application records at or near the property.

Recommendation

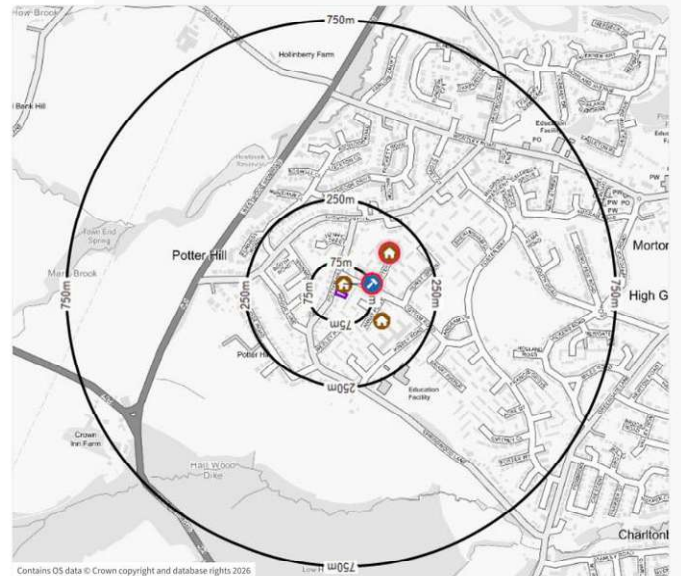
- For information about each identified planning application, along with a link to the full application on the Local Authority website, please purchase a Landmark Planning report through your usual report provider.

Important note

This report is an overview of the area, and you should further investigate any applications that could affect you or your enjoyment of the property. We do not guarantee that all applications will be shown in this report.

Why we search this

The potential impact of planning applications is subjective. The aim of this report is to flag what types of applications are present in the surrounding area so you can decide whether you need to follow up on the detail and its potential effect on your property.



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Risk	Search radius	Result
Multiple features present		
Large	750m	Not Identified
Medium	250m	Not Identified
Small	250m	Identified
Unclassified	250m	Not Identified
Alterations and minor new builds	75m	Identified

Energy & Infrastructure ALERT ASSESSMENT

Identified 

Summary

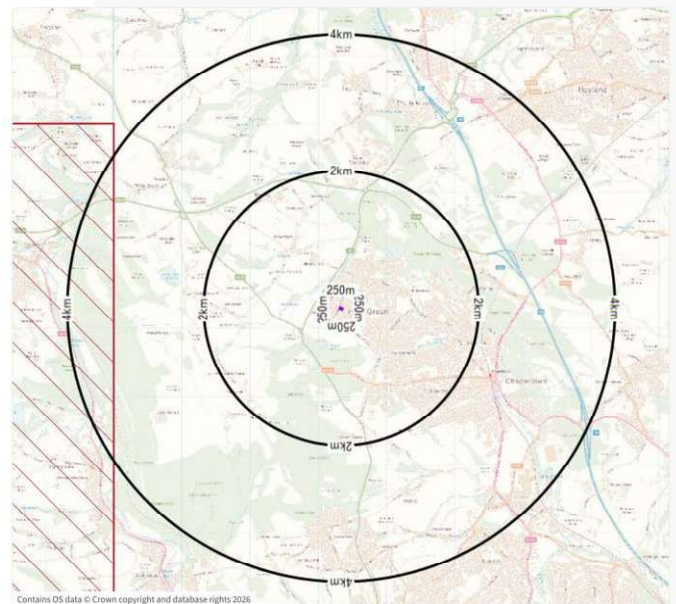
We have identified features in proximity to the property.

Recommendation

-  For information about each identified project, please purchase a Landmark Energy & Infrastructure report through your usual report provider.

Why we search this

Energy and infrastructure projects have the potential to affect nearby property values. They may result in visual impact or noise to the neighbourhood, or equally may have a positive impact on property value. This report highlights the projects in your local area so you can make an informed decision. For more information and advice see our guidance article www.landmark.co.uk/Energy&Infrastructure



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Risk	Search radius	Result
 Multiple features present		
 Non-Renewable Energy	4km	Identified
 Renewable Energy	4km	Not Identified
 Above & Below Ground Railways	250m	Not Identified
 HS2 & Crossrail 2	2km	Not Identified

Data appendix

The rest of the report outlines the data used to inform the previous sections. There's no need to read on unless you're after the detail of a particular dataset used to inform our opinion.

We will only show maps and detail where a risk has been identified.



How to use this report	11
Understanding the data	12
Datasets searched	14
Contaminated Land	
Authorised industrial processes	Not identified
Landfill and waste	Not identified
Incidents & Enforcements	Not identified
Current land uses	Not identified
Historical land uses	Not identified
Ground stability	
Man-made hazards	Not identified
Natural factors	Not identified
Mining	Not identified
Brine and Salt	Not identified
Planning constraints	16

i How to use your report

The report is designed to satisfy the concerns raised by the Law Society warning card and has been prepared to assist conveyancing professionals who may be advising clients when they sell or buy a property, obtain a mortgage or seek further mortgage advice. It is designed to bring information to their attention and help them decide whether they need to seek any further specialist advice. As the report is so detailed, this information can cause concern, but professional advisors will see that further action is suggested on all issues that have been identified.

How do we examine the risk?

This report is generated based on the boundary selected at the point of order to represent the property. Where the location was provided to us as a point only, the report is based on a 25m radius around this point; any features which are present within this boundary are considered to be 'on-site'. In this report there are two different ways we can examine each risk. These are indicated on the cover page, and we also highlight the assessment type on each risk summary page.

Professional opinion	This is the highest level of risk assessment. A full assessment is run on the data. If the outcome is above the threshold for that risk, one of our in-house consultants will personally review the outcome. This may lead to the risk outcome being downgraded to a lower level based on our expertise and methodology.
Full assessment	Based on the data that is relevant to your property, we have created an automated opinion and recommendations using our expertise and risk models.
Alert assessment	We identify data within the search area, which may be relevant to the property. If features or potential hazards are found, we would recommend additional reports are obtained to clarify these further.

The front page of this report advises the outcome for each section based on one of these categories:

- **Passed:** We do not consider this to be a risk
- **Passed with guidance:** We have identified a risk but do not consider it to be significant. Please review the guidance.
- **Further Action:** We have identified a risk which we recommend you investigate further.
- **Identified:** We have identified a potential hazard risk in this section
- **Not identified:** We have not identified any potential hazards in this section.

Guide to the risk summary pages

Each risk has a dedicated summary page, outlining the risks on a map, with a key. More details of any identified features can then be seen in the Data Appendix of this report.

This report is not designed to be printed. Please store it securely online, and consider the environment before you print.

The screenshot shows the 'Homecheck Residential' report interface. It features a summary page with a map and a legend. The legend includes:

1. The risk we have examined
2. How we have examined each risk (see left)
3. The outcome that we have determined
4. Summary and any recommendations
5. Explanation of why we search this risk
6. Map displaying proximity of any issues to boundary
7. Map key identifying any risk features

Understanding the data

Contaminated land

A Professional Opinion in relation to Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 is provided. In many cases the report will be passed without referral. However, in some cases, entries that may be of concern are revealed by the search, in which case the report is referred free of charge for more detailed consideration, although this will not include a physical site inspection. After such referral the report may be passed or suggestions made of some further action that could be taken, usually in the form of questions to ask of the appropriate authorities. When responses to these questions are received it is the responsibility of the client and their professional advisors to decide if they are happy to proceed.

Radon

Radon is a natural radioactive gas, which enters buildings from the ground. It is the geological conditions in certain areas that can lead to higher than average volumes (some of the highest radon levels have been found in the southwest, but levels well above average have been found in some other parts of the UK).

Radon has no taste, smell or colour and special devices are needed to measure it. The gas is diluted to harmless levels out in the open but has the potential to build up to higher concentrations indoors. Exposure to high concentrations of Radon gas can pose a health risk and studies have shown that it increases the risk of lung cancer.

This report informs you whether the property is in a radon Affected Area and the percentage of homes that are estimated to be at or above the radon Action Level. This does not necessarily mean there is a radon problem in the property; the only way to find out whether it is above or below the Action Level is to carry out a radon measurement in an existing property.

If you are buying a currently occupied property in a Radon Affected Area, you should ask the present owner whether radon levels have been measured in the property. If they have, ask whether the results were above the Radon Action Level and if so, whether remedial measures were installed, radon levels were re-tested, and the results of re-testing confirmed the effectiveness of the measures.

Planning: Applications

This report includes an alert for nearby planning applications. To do this, we check each project or development against your property boundary. If we find something on-site or nearby, we will display 'Identified' on the front page. If we don't find anything, we will display 'Not identified'. We will only describe issues relevant to the property in this report.

Where possible, we will represent larger planning applications as a polygon. Our ability to do this is limited by: the presence or absence of the planning application having been made available online; the availability/accessibility of the plan on the Local Authority website; and Landmark's ability at a point in time

to capture the record. Small applications will be represented by a point, although a limited number may be presented as a polygon.

We have considered planning applications captured by Barbour ABI Ltd within the last 7 years to inform you of current or future developments that could influence your enjoyment and use of the property. We use different search buffers based on the size of the potential development project.

Development in the UK is controlled by the government's planning legislation, which is regulated and enforced by your local authority planning department. Once a planning application request has been submitted and published, it can take up to 6 weeks for us to receive and use in our reports.

Applications are often submitted with imprecise or incomplete address details and because of this the locations we use may not always represent a development site's full extent. We endeavour to position applications in the most appropriate location we can, using the address details available to us. If nearby development is likely to significantly influence your choice to purchase the property, we would recommend you use this report as a starting point for more extensive investigations.

This report does not include a data section for Planning applications. Should any applications have been identified, please purchase the Landmark Planning report through your usual reseller.

Ground stability

This section provides information on a range of ground stability issues; either naturally occurring or arising from previous mining activity. Ground stability is important, as subsidence, landslide and sink holes can all cause damage to properties.

We search a number of different sources of information to identify areas of past mining. Old mine shafts and tunnels can collapse and damage properties above them. Disturbed ground and spoil tips can also be prone to settlement which could cause structural damage to buildings. We also identify areas of historical salt and brine extractions. This type of mining leaves large cavities in the ground which could collapse and cause problems for properties built in the area.

We use historical mapping to identify areas formerly used for landfill and areas of other infilling such as ponds, drains and small pits. Infilled land can be susceptible to settling so any houses that have been built on these areas could experience ground stability problems and subsidence resulting in damage to your property.

We also consider areas of land that could be prone to ground instability and subsidence as a result of the natural underlying geology. Examples include areas of the UK at a higher risk of landslides or where sink holes could occur.

Coal mining

Understanding the data

We use data from PinPoint to assess if you are in an area affected by Coal Mining activity. If you are assessed as being at risk, we include full details regarding that risk. Conversely, if you are assessed as not being at risk, you are provided with certification informing you of that outcome.

Energy and Infrastructure

This report includes an alert for nearby Energy and Infrastructure projects. To do this, we check each project or development against your property boundary. If we find something on-site or nearby, we will display 'Identified' on the front page. If we don't find anything, we will display 'Not identified'. We will only describe issues relevant to the property in this report.

This report does not include a data section for Energy and Infrastructure. Should any features have been identified, please purchase the Sitesolutions Energy and Infrastructure report through your usual reseller

Above and below ground railways

The above and below ground railways section provides details on existing railways. This includes data supplied by Crossrail for the route and stations and safeguarding areas; Railway lines (including underground, overground, national rail and tram lines) sourced from OpenStreetMap; and Stations and stops (including Metro, Tram, Underground, Preserved and Inactive stations sourced from Department of Transport's NaPTAN API and Ordnance Survey OpenMap Local product for the United Kingdom).

This data includes records of historic railways. As such, it is possible that the railways identified are no longer present.

HS2 and Crossrail 2

The High Speed 2 (HS2) and Crossrail2 section of the report provides details on the proposed route, stations and safeguarding areas for each of the projects, based on Consultation documents and data provided by the Department for Transport.

In October 2023, the HS2 project was scaled back by the Government; discussions continue the appropriate next steps, and as such the data provided may not reflect the most recent changes. Full details about the Phase 2 cancellation can be found here: <https://www.hs2.org.uk/>

Planning constraints

Overhead Transmission Lines are extracted from Ordnance Survey Landline data in MasterMap and only show significant lines; if the pylons and lines are not shown on the mapping then they will not be reported.

We also show the location of any Environmental Constraints that are from datasets recognised as being relevant to Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990.

Datasets searched

Contaminated land

Authorised Industrial Processes

Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Controls
 Planning Hazardous Substance Consents
 Control of Major Accident Hazards Sites (COMAH)
 Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS)
 Explosive Sites

Landfill and Waste Sites

Registered Waste Treatment or Disposal Sites
 Registered Waste Transfer Sites
 BGS Recorded Landfill Sites
 Registered Landfill Sites
 Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Landfill Boundaries)
 Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sites
 Historical Landfill Sites
 Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Locations)

Incidents and Enforcements

Enforcement and Prohibition Notices
 Prosecutions Relating to Authorised Processes
 Planning Hazardous Substance Enforcements
 Prosecutions Relating to Controlled Waters
 Local Authority Pollution Prevention and Control Enforcements
 Prosecutions (Post 2000)
 Contaminated Land Register Entries and Notices
 Substantiated Pollution Incident Register

Historical Land Use

Potentially Contaminative Industrial Uses (Past Land Use)
 Potentially Infilled Land (Non-Water)

Potentially Infilled Land (Water)
 Historical Tanks And Energy Facilities

Current Land Use

Contemporary Trade Directory Entries
 Fuel Station Entries

Miscellaneous

Landmark Risk Assessed Land Register
 Water Abstractions
 Source Protection Zones Locations
 BGS Bedrock Aquifer Designations
 BGS Superficial Aquifer Designations
 VMD Water Features
 OS NGD Water Link

Flood

River and Coastal Flooding

Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences
 Extreme Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences
 Risk of Flooding from Rivers or Sea (RoFRS)

Surface Water Flooding

JBA Pluvial 75 Depths
 JBA Pluvial 200 Depths
 JBA Pluvial 1000 Depths

Groundwater Flooding

Groundwater Flood Risk 5m
 JBA Pluvial 75 Depths
 Flooding from Rivers or Sea without Defences

Other

Flood Water Storage Areas
 Historic Flood Events
 VMD Water Features
 OS NGD Water Link
 OS Terrain 5 DTM

Radon

Radon

Radon Potential

Planning Applications

Planning Applications

Post 1997 Planning Applications

Ground stability

Natural hazards

Potential for Landslide Ground Stability Hazards
 Potential for Ground Dissolution Stability Hazards
 Potential for Compressible Ground Stability Hazards
 Potential for Shrinking or Swelling Clay Ground Stability Hazards
 Potential for Running Sand Ground Stability Hazards
 Potential for Collapsible Ground Stability Hazards
 Natural Cavities

Man-made hazards

BGS Recorded Landfill Sites
 Potentially Contaminative Industrial Uses (Past Land Use)
 Former Marshes
 Potentially Infilled Land (Non-Water)

Datasets searched

Potentially Infilled Land (Water)
Registered Landfill Sites
Licensed Waste Management Facilities (Landfill Boundaries)
Local Authority Recorded Landfill Sites
Historical Landfill Sites

Brine and salt

CBSCB Compensation District
Brine Pumping Related Features
Salt Mining Related Features
Brine Subsidence Solution Area

Mining

BGS Recorded Mineral Sites
Potentially Contaminative Industrial Uses (Past Land Use)
Non-Coal Mining Areas of Great Britain
Mining Instability
Potentially Contaminative Land Uses from large scale historical mapping
Potential Mining Areas
Man-Made Mining Cavities

Coal mining

Pinpoint Coal Screening

Energy & infrastructure

Renewable energy

Wind Farms
Wind Turbines
Renewable Energy Planning Database

Non-renewable energy

Licensed Areas for Onshore Energy Exploration and Production
Licensed Wells for Energy Exploration
Offered Blocks for Onshore Energy Exploration and Production
Southampton to London Pipeline Development

Above and below ground railways

Crossrail - Safeguarding Limits
Crossrail - Stations
Crossrail - Track
Railed Transport - Tracks
Railed Transport - Stations and Stops

HS2 and Crossrail2

HS2 - Track
HS2 - Stations
HS2 - Safeguarding Limits
HS2 - Payment Zones
Crossrail 2 - Track
Crossrail 2 - Stations
Crossrail 2 - Safeguarding Limits

Miscellaneous

Local Authority Boundaries

Planning Constraints

Planning Constraints

Pylon or Mast
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty
National Nature Reserves
Local Nature Reserves
Marine Nature Reserves

Sites of Special Scientific Interest

Forest Parks
National Parks
Areas of Unadopted Green Belt
Ramsar Sites
Special Areas of Conservation
Special Protection Areas
Areas of Adopted Green Belt
Environmentally Sensitive Areas
Listed Buildings
World Heritage Sites
Scheduled Monuments
Ancient Woodland
Country Parks
Nature Improvement Areas

Planning constraints

[← Back to summary](#)



We have identified records of environmental designations at the property. We have not identified any records of pylons or masts within 250m of the property.

Green belt			
Id	Details	Distance	Contact
Area of adopted green belt			
6	Site type: Area of adopted green belt Name: Sheffield Unitary Development Plan	246m S	2

Appendices

Report limitations	18
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Report limitations

This report has been prepared on the understanding that it is to be used for an individual residential property transaction and should not be used or relied upon in a commercial property transaction, or if development is planned at the property. The report is a desktop review of information provided by the client and from selected private and public databases. It does not include a site investigation, nor are specific information requests made of the regulatory authorities for any relevant information. Therefore, Landmark cannot guarantee that all issues of concern will be identified by this report, or that the data and information supplied to it by third parties is accurate and complete. We do not accept responsibility for inaccurate data provided by external data providers.

The methodology for the contaminated land risk assessment and the conclusions drawn therefrom are the responsibility of Landmark Information Group Ltd.

While every effort is made to ensure accuracy, Landmark cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of any information or data. We do not accept responsibility for inaccurate data provided by external data providers.

Useful information

Contaminated land

Landfill and Waste

At present no complete national data set exists for landfill site boundaries, therefore, a point grid reference, provided by the data supplier, is used for some landfill sites. In certain cases the point grid references supplied provide only an approximate position, and can vary from the site entrance to the centre of the site. Where the exact position of the site is unclear for Registered Landfill data, Landmark construct either a 100 metre or 250 metre 'buffer' around the point to warn of the possible presence of landfill. The size of this 'buffer' relates to the positional accuracy that can be attributed to the site. The 'buffer' is shown on the map as a red hatched area. For further information regarding landfill sites identified in the report, please contact the relevant agency or authority referenced in the Useful Contacts section.

The British Geological Survey (BGS) hold records of over 3,000 landfill sites that accepted waste prior to the Control of Pollution Act (COPA) 1974. These were not subject to any strict regulation or monitoring.

Permitted Waste Sites and Environmental Permitting Regulations - Waste cover current or recently current consents issued for landfill sites, waste transfer, treatment or disposal sites by the relevant agency, under Section 64 of the Environmental Protection Act 1990 (Part 2) and prescribed by regulation 10 of SI No. 1056 of the Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994.

Authorised Industrial Processes

Identified discharge consents could be for storm water discharges, soakaways or septic tanks. If a radioactive substance licence has been identified the consent band will be given under enquiries and replies. Consents fall into one of four bands: Band 1 and 2 Nuclear licenced sites authorised by the Nuclear Installations Inspectorate e.g. nuclear power stations Band 3 Site registered/authorised to accumulate and dispose of radioactive materials, only non-nuclear operations are carried out on site e.g. hospitals Band 4 Sites registered to keep and use radioactive material e.g. laboratories, universities, commercial premises using appliances such as monitoring equipment, alarm systems, tritium lighting etc.

Data supplied for Explosive Sites, Control of Major Accident Hazards Sites (COMAH) and Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS) contains public sector information published by the Health and Safety Executive and licenced under the Open Government Licence.

Historical Land Uses

This data relates to categories of potentially contaminative land uses that have been identified by the analysis of selected Ordnance Survey historical mapping. The published date (range of dates) of the map (s) and the distance from the centre of search to the nearest point of the feature is given.

Further details of the extent of the site or its activities are not available. Should you wish to examine the Ordnance Survey maps these are normally available for public inspection at the local archive or local major

library.

Potentially infilled land has been identified when a 'cavity' (a hole made by an extractive industry or natural occurrence e.g. pond) was indicated on a historic map but there was no evidence of its existence in the last available map for the area. No details of what may have been used to fill the cavity or exactly when or if it was filled are available from the mapping.

The point locations of historical tanks and energy facilities are identified from the text on Ordnance Survey 1:1250 and 1:2500 scale mapping published between 1943 and 1996, based upon a predetermined list of abbreviations, e.g. El Sub (Electricity Sub-station) and F Stn (Filling Station). The position of the point has been located at the centre of the identified text so that it would be within approximately 30 meters of the feature it was describing. The features themselves are related to energy and petroleum storage and cover the following: tanks, petrol storage, potential tanks (at depots etc.), electricity sub stations and related features, gas and gas monitoring related features, oil related features and miscellaneous power features. NB: It should be noted that the Ordnance Survey abbreviation for tank (tk) is the same as that for tracks. Therefore some of the captured text may relate to tracks and not tanks when the exact nature of the feature is not clear from the mapping.

Flood

River

River flooding, also known as 'fluvial flooding', occurs when rivers and streams are unable to carry away floodwaters within their usual drainage channels. It can cause widespread and extensive damage because of the sheer volume of water.

Coastal

Coastal flooding results from a combination of high tides, low lying land and sometimes stormy conditions. It can cause widespread and extensive damage because of the sheer volume of water.

Surface

Surface water flooding, also known as 'pluvial' flooding, is common during prolonged or exceptionally heavy downpours, when rainwater does not drain away into the normal drainage systems or soak away into the ground.

Groundwater

Groundwater flooding generally occurs during long and intense rainfall when underground water levels rise above surface level. Groundwater flooding may last for weeks or several months.

Useful information

Other

We analyse proximity to and elevation above historical flood records to better understand the risk of flooding. The flood risk from smaller watercourses is not always modelled, so we include proximity to nearby watercourses in our overall analysis.

It is important to understand that flooding can happen anywhere, even if you don't live near to a watercourse or the sea. Insurance may be expensive or difficult to obtain if your home is at risk, so it is vital to understand the risk of flooding of your home before purchasing a property. Understanding flood risk is based on the likelihood of a flood event and the potential impact.

Flooding can usually be managed by the installation of flood protection measures, either on or within the building or across the property. Flood protection measures can be divided into two categories; flood resistance and flood resilience.

Radon

Due to the nature of way the information is gathered, your property/site may have more than one probability of radon attributed to it. We report the worst case scenario on the property/site you have provided. This information is an estimate of the probability that a property /site in Great Britain is at or above the 'Action Level' for radon (the level at which Public Health England recommends that radon levels should be reduced, those with an average of 200 Bq m⁻³ or more). This information satisfies CON29 Standard Enquiry of Local Authority; 3.13 Radon Gas: Location of the Property in a Radon Affected Area and can also be used to advise house buyers and sellers in Scotland. Where the property/site is a new build, this information provides information on the level of protection required for new buildings under BR211 (Sciwyer, 2007) Radon: Guidance on protective measures for new buildings and BR376 (BRE, 1999) Radon: Guidance on protective measures for new dwellings in Scotland.

Public Health England advises that radon gas should be measured in all properties within radon Affected Areas and that homes with radon levels above the Action Level (200 Bq m⁻³) should be remediated, and when achievable to below the Target Level of 100 Bq m⁻³. Household with levels between the Target Level and Action Level should seriously consider reducing their radon level, especially if they are at greater risk, such as if they are current or ex smokers. Whether or not a home is in fact above or below the Action Level or Target Level can only be established by having the building tested. Public Health England provides a radon testing service which can be accessed at www.ukradon.org.

Indoor radon levels can usually be substantially reduced at a low cost comparable to many home improvements, such as replacing carpets. Details of methods of reducing radon levels are given on the Building Research Establishment Website. <http://www.bre.co.uk/radon>.

Flood protection measures

Flooding can usually be managed by the installation of flood protection measures, either on or within the building or across the property. Flood protection measures can be divided into two categories; flood resistance and flood resilience.

Flood resistance measures: physical barriers designed to keep water out of your house, such as flood doors, air brick covers and non-return valves. Temporary flood resistance products are those that need deploying (fitting or activating) prior to flooding arriving, whereas permanent flood resistance products do not need activating.

Flood Resilience measures: these reduce flood damage in situations where water is allowed to enter, such as raising electrical sockets, the use of resilient plaster.

The flood source, likely depths and property design and age will inform the best choice of permanent resistance, temporary resistance or resilience. Other factors will play a part in the decision making process, such as cost, visual impact, ease of deployment and product performance. The best answer for your home will most likely involve a combination of products.

Please refer to the Know Your Flood Risk website for further information and suppliers of protection and resilience measures: www.knowyourfloodrisk.co.uk/flood-advice-guidance

Preparation for a flood event

Flood Action Plan

Preparing a Flood Action Plan will help ensure the safety of everyone, minimise the disruption that you may suffer and reduce damage to important items. The flood plan should comprise of a simple check list for you to follow should a flood event be expected. You can create your own personal Flood Action Plan by visiting the Environment Agency website at www.gov.uk/prepare-for-flooding/future-flooding. Alternatively, visit your Local Authority's website.

A Flood Action Plan should include:

- Contact numbers for utility providers (gas, electricity, water), insurance providers, local authority, and other important contacts (family, friends, etc.)
- A list of important items that you can move upstairs or to a safe place before an event (pets, cars, electrical equipment, heirlooms, furniture)
- Where the utility shut-off points are and how to operate them
- What Property Level Protection measures to install and where
- Where the emergency flood kit is and what it should comprise of
- Practical advice on appropriate actions to take during a flood (store as much drinkable water as possible, block sinks and toilets, tune into your local radio station for updates)

Useful information

- Practical advice on appropriate actions to take after a flood has occurred (take photos and videos of damage, contact insurance providers, contact utilities to check that central heating, water, and electrics are working properly)

Flood Action Groups

As well as protecting your property and preparing yourself for a flood, as a local community you can set up a flood action group. Flood action groups across England and Wales are proving to be very successful ways in raising awareness and engaging communities in responding to flood risk. This is done through engagement, increasing resource, applying for grant schemes and working in partnership with relevant Agencies and Authorities. The advice, support and assistance provided by Agencies and Authorities can be helped by local knowledge to better help reduce or mitigate flood risk. For guidance on how to create a flood action group in your community please visit the National Flood Forum's website at www.nationalfloodforum.org.uk/flood-risk-community-groups/how-to-form-a-flood-action-group.

Flood Re

At the start of April 2016 the flood insurance market changed. Flood RE opened for business, allowing many flood risk prone residential properties access to affordable flood insurance. All other properties (including most leasehold homes and all commercial property) are exposed to a fully risk-based flood insurance market, perhaps for the first time.

It is therefore important to understand in advance of exchanging contracts whether that property has a flood risk, which is likely to make insurance more expensive, or even impossible to obtain.

Such insurance implications may make getting a mortgage more difficult, which may jeopardise the proposed transaction. Alternatively, the cost implications of dealing with the potential flooding may lead to the property price being discounted.

So what is Flood RE?

Flood RE is a scheme developed by the insurance industry with the approval of Government. It is an independent organisation and is neither run by nor funded by Government (though it does report to Parliament on the way the scheme is working). The Flood RE scheme is designed to ensure that affordable flood cover remains available to most residential homes for a 25 year period and to soften the transition to fully risk-reflective pricing.

Flood RE also hopes to encourage competition between insurers to offer better terms for flood insurance. Insurers who write flood risk business in the UK must be members of Flood RE. They can then choose whether or not to cede to Flood RE the flood part of home insurance policies (buildings or contents) bought by their customers. Each insurer is free to set the benchmarks at which it will offer flood insurance itself, or

cede the business to Flood RE, or perhaps refuse to offer flood cover at all. So there will be variations in the level of flood risk to the property which will result in Flood RE's involvement. Flood RE offers the insurer who cedes the business both capped premiums (set by reference to the property Council Tax band) and capped excess for the cover. Both will rise over the lifetime of the scheme, with the capped premiums rising in line with CPI. Flood RE will deal only with the insurer, not with the insured. See www.floodre.co.uk

Energy & Infrastructure

Non-renewable energy

Onshore oil and gas exploration and production licences relate to areas of land (blocks). The Oil and Gas Authority (OGA) grants the licences to operators. They must show technical and environmental competence and have access to funding. The government does not directly grant access rights. Planning permission must be sought from the Local Authority. Environmental permits must also be sought from the Environment Agency, Scottish Environment Protection Agency, or Natural Resources Wales.

As well as the areas currently licenced for oil and gas exploration, we will also show the 159 new licences that were offered under the 14th Onshore Oil and Gas Licensing Round to successful applicants.

Before any drilling activities can begin, the operator must first get planning permission. Contact your Local Planning Authority to get details of any current planning applications near to your property.

Fracking (Hydraulic Fracturing)

Fracking is just one technical part of the process needed for the development and operation of a shale gas facility. This includes exploration, production and abandonment. Each stage of the shale gas development process presents a distinct set of risks. These include contamination risk to groundwater and surface water, seismic risks, and amenity risks (for example, from increased traffic movements). The nature of risk depends upon both the impact should an event occur and the likelihood of it occurring. Some guidance has been produced in relation to shale gas by UK Government and environmental regulators. It is likely that significantly more will follow before commercial shale gas operations begin at any significant scale.

The fracking process involves injecting water and various other additives into the ground. Some negative media coverage of the process has occurred in the UK and USA. The differences in regulatory regime and geological conditions mean that direct comparison of the UK with the USA is not strictly applicable. A number of reports have been produced by proponents and opponents of the technology in the UK and Europe, with a small number of expert technical reports leading government and regulatory policy towards shale gas development in the UK. However, regulatory advice is currently limited.

There is general consensus that risks to property from fracking are low. The exact nature of risk depends upon site specific considerations.

Useful information

Renewable energy

Planning has a key role in providing renewable and low carbon energy facilities, where the local environmental impact is acceptable. Protection of local amenity is an important consideration which planning authorities consider when making their decisions.

No formal government compensation schemes currently exist for property owners located close to wind or solar farms.

The wind and solar energy industries are increasingly trying to work more closely with the government, councils, local communities and wider interest groups, to ensure that benefits associated with wind energy developments are felt by those who live locally. RenewableUK developed the Community Benefits Protocol in 2011 to ensure that the wind power industry delivers on these benefits. As part of the Protocol, developers commit to provide a minimum of £1000 per MW of installed capacity, or equivalent benefits, directly to host communities. Further information can be obtained from RenewableUK (<https://www.renewableuk.com/>).

Wind energy

Wind farms do not usually pose a risk to the surrounding environment. But due to the large areas they cover and the height of the turbines they can cause problems. These include visual impacts and those from noise/vibrations produced by the turbines. Ecological impacts can also be present although these tend not to be so relevant to property.

The biggest issue relates to the visual impact of a wind farm. The resulting changes of the visual landscape can be significant. This is particularly a problem in protected rural areas.

The wind is the UK's largest source of renewable energy generation. There are over 400 wind farms and around 4000 wind turbines in the UK. With many projects due to be developed these figures will continue to grow.

RenewableUK (<https://www.renewableuk.com/>) holds records of wind projects in the UK Wind Energy Database.

Solar energy

The main environmental impact of a solar farm is visual impact. Solar farms can cover large areas of land, but the structures within them are rarely higher than 2m above ground level. Visual impact can be reduced if planned and screened sensitively. A solar farm does not generate noise and is quick to construct (often only 1-2 months). There is very little maintenance traffic once construction completes.

Panels may be freestanding or attached to a building with a large surface area such as a warehouse roof. They are a form of renewable and low carbon energy production. They could help provide the UK with a secure energy supply and reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

Other renewable energy

As well as wind and solar power there are a variety of other renewable power sources in the UK. Details of the other types of renewable energy are:

- **Small / Large Hydroelectric**- Power stations that produce electricity using the gravitational force of falling or flowing water. Small hydro projects are those that produce 10 megawatts or less.
- **Shoreline Wave**- Electricity generation using sea surface waves
- **Tidal Barrage / Stream**- this is a form of hydroelectric power station that converts the energy of tides into electricity
- **Biomass** - Energy is created by burning biological material such as wood and certain types of Plants.
- **Co-firing**- A co-firing power plant burns biomass together with fossil fuels.
- **Anaerobic / Sewage Digestion**- The process produces a biogas, consisting partly of methane. This biogas can be used directly as fuel to generate electricity.
- **Hot Dry Rocks**- This is a type of geothermal power plant which uses heat produced naturally in the ground to create electricity.
- **Landfill Gas**- Burning of landfill gases to produce power
- **Energy From Waste (EfW) Incineration**- EfW is a form of energy recovery. Most EfW processes produce electricity and/or heat directly through burning.
- **Advanced Conversion Technology**- A process that produces gas by burning waste at extremely high temperatures. This achieves 100% degradation of the waste to "white ash". The gas produced is burnt for electricity generation and thermal energy distribution and utilisation.

Useful contacts

If after reading the details in this report regarding the sites identified, you still require further information, please contact the relevant agency or authority indicated in the Useful Contacts section quoting the corresponding reference given in the text of the report.

The contacts in the Useful Contacts section may be able to provide further information relating to items identified in the report, however they are not in a position to advise how these might affect the value of a property. The findings of the report should be discussed with your professional advisor.

1 Ordnance Survey

Adanac Drive
Southampton
SO16 0AS

www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk
customerservices@ordnancesurvey.co.uk
03456 05 05 05

2 Sheffield City Council

Howden House
1 Union Street
Sheffield
S1 2SH

www.sheffield.gov.uk
0114 273 4215

3 British Geological Survey, Enquiry Service

British Geological Survey
Environmental Science Centre
Keyworth
Nottingham
NG12 5GG

www.bgs.ac.uk
enquiries@bgs.ac.uk
0115 936 3143

4 Landmark Information Group Limited

Landmark Information Group
Imperium
Imperial Way
Reading
RG2 0TD

www.landmark.co.uk
helpdesk@landmark.co.uk
0330 036 6619

5 Environment Agency, National Customer Contact Centre (NCCC)

PO Box 544
Templeborough
Rotherham
S60 1BY

enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk
03708 506 506

6 Barnsley Metropolitan Borough Council, Planning Department

Central Offices
Kendray Street
Barnsley
S70 2TN

www.barnsley.gov.uk
01226 770770

7 Yorkshire and the Humber Regional Assembly, Planning

18 King St
Wakefield
WF1 2SQ

www.yhassembly.gov.uk
mail@yhassembly.gov.uk
01924 331555

Useful contacts



PinPoint Information Ltd

Riverbank House
1 Putney Bridge Approach
London
SW6 3JD



www.pinpointinformation.co.uk

Important consumer protection information

Landmark
Information Group

This search has been produced by:

Landmark Information Group Limited

Imperium
Imperial Way
Berkshire
RG2 0TD

✉ helpdesk@landmark.co.uk
☎ 0330 036 6619

Conveyancing Information Executive (CIE) standards

Landmark adheres to the Conveyancing Information Executive (CIE) standards

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- The standards can be seen here: <http://www.conveyinfoexec.com>

Complaints

If you have a query or complaint about your search, you should raise it directly with the search firm, and if appropriate ask for any complaint to be considered under their formal internal complaints procedure. If you remain dissatisfied with the firm's final response, after your complaint has been formally considered, or if the firm has exceeded the response timescales, you may refer your complaint for consideration under The Property Ombudsman scheme (TPOs). The Ombudsman can award up to £5,000 to you if the Ombudsman finds that you have suffered actual financial loss and/ or aggravation, distress or inconvenience as a result of your search provider failing to keep to the Standards. Please note that all queries or complaints regarding your search should be directed to your search provider in the first instance, not to TPO.

TPOs

The Property Ombudsman scheme
Milford House
43-55 Milford Street
Salisbury
Wiltshire SP1 2BP

🌐 www.tpos.co.uk
✉ admin@tpos.co.uk
☎ 01722 333306

Complaints procedure

If you want to make a complaint to Landmark, we will:

- Acknowledge it within 5 working days of receipt.
- Normally deal with it fully and provide a final response, in writing, within 20 working days of receipt.
- Keep you informed by letter, telephone or e-mail, as you prefer, if we need more time.
- Provide a final response, in writing, at the latest within 40 working days of receipt.
- Liaise, at your request, with anyone acting formally on your behalf.

Complaints should be sent to:

Customer Services Manager

Landmark Information
Imperium
Imperial Way
Reading
RG2 0TD

✉ helpdesk@landmark.co.uk
☎ 0330 036 6619

If you are not satisfied with our final response, or if we exceed the response timescales, you may refer the complaint to The Property Ombudsman. We will co-operate fully with the Ombudsman during an investigation and comply with his final decision

Terms and conditions and copyright statement

Landmark Standard Terms and Conditions

Landmark Standard Terms and Conditions can be found here: <https://www.landmark.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/landmark-terms-and-conditions-299431-8.0-content.pdf>. Should you experience difficulties, please call our Customer Service Team on 0330 036 6619.

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 Flood data provided by JBA Risk Management Limited. © Copyright JBA Risk Management Limited 2008-2026
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