| Energy performance certificate (EPC)                                |                |   |  |  |  |
|---|----------------|---|--|--|--|
| Abergwerelych House<br>Pont Walby<br>Glynneath<br>Neath<br>SA11 5LN | Energy rating  | Valid until: 9 April 2032<br>Certificate number: 0390-2275-2040-2702-2345 |  |  |  |
| Property type   | Detached house |   |  |  |  |
| Total floor area  |                | 220 square metres   |  |  |  |

# Rules on letting this property



# You may not be able to let this property

This property has an energy rating of F. It cannot be let, unless an exemption has been registered. You can read guidance for landlords on the regulations and exemptions (https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-<u>guidance)</u>.

Properties can be let if they have an energy rating from A to E. The <u>recommendations section</u> sets out changes you can make to improve the property's rating.

# Energy rating and score

This property's current energy rating is F. It has the potential to be C.

<u>See how to improve this property's energy</u> <u>efficiency</u>.



The graph shows this property's current and potential energy rating.

Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst) and a score. The better the rating and score, the lower your energy bills are likely to be.

For properties in England and Wales:

the average energy rating is D the average energy score is 60

# Breakdown of property's energy performance

## Features in this property

Features get a rating from very good to very poor, based on how energy efficient they are. Ratings are not based on how well features work or their condition.

Assumed ratings are based on the property's age and type. They are used for features the assessor could not inspect.

| Feature              | Description   | Rating    |
|----------------------|---|-----------|
| Wall                 | Granite or whinstone, as built, no insulation (assumed) | Very poor |
| Roof                 | Pitched, no insulation (assumed)                        | Very poor |
| Roof                 | Roof room(s), no insulation (assumed)                   | Very poor |
| Window               | Partial double glazing                                  | Poor      |
| Main heating         | Boiler and radiators, oil                               | Average   |
| Main heating control | No time or thermostatic control of room temperature     | Very poor |
| Hot water            | From main system, no cylinder thermostat                | Poor      |
| Lighting             | Low energy lighting in all fixed outlets                | Very good |
| Floor                | Solid, no insulation (assumed)                          | N/A       |
| Secondary heating    | Room heaters, wood logs                                 | N/A       |

### Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon energy sources release very little or no CO2. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon emissions. The following low or zero carbon energy sources are installed in this property:

• Biomass secondary heating

#### Primary energy use

The primary energy use for this property per year is 329 kilowatt hours per square metre (kWh/m2).

## Additional information

Additional information about this property:

• Stone walls present, not insulated

## How this affects your energy bills

An average household would need to spend **£2,847 per year on heating, hot water and lighting** in this property. These costs usually make up the majority of your energy bills.

You could **save £1,760 per year** if you complete the suggested steps for improving this property's energy rating.

This is **based on average costs in 2022** when this EPC was created. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy for heating, hot water and lighting.

### Heating this property

Estimated energy needed in this property is:

- 45,775 kWh per year for heating
- 3,707 kWh per year for hot water

| Impact on the enviro  | onment          | This property produces   | 17.0 tonnes of CO2 |
|---|-----------------|--|--------------------|
| This property's current environmental impact rating is F. It has the potential to be C.   |                 | This property's potential production   | 5.2 tonnes of CO2  |
| Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst)<br>on how much carbon dioxide (CO2) they<br>produce each year. CO2 harms the environment.<br><b>Carbon emissions</b> |                 | You could improve this property's CO2<br>emissions by making the suggested changes.<br>This will help to protect the environment.                          |                    |
| An average household produces   | 6 tonnes of CO2 | These ratings are based on assumptions about<br>average occupancy and energy use. People<br>living at the property may use different amounts<br>of energy. |                    |

## Changes you could make

| Step   | Typical installation<br>cost | Typical yearly<br>saving |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Room-in-roof insulation                         | £1,500 - £2,700              | £416                     |
| 2. Internal or external wall insulation            | £4,000 - £14,000             | £795                     |
| 3. Floor insulation (solid floor)                  | £4,000 - £6,000              | £94                      |
| 4. Heating controls (programmer, thermostat, TRVs) | £350 - £450                  | £175                     |
| 5. Condensing boiler                               | £2,200 - £3,000              | £147                     |

| Step  | Typical installation cost | Typical yearly<br>saving |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 6. Solar water heating  | £4,000 - £6,000           | £41                      |
| 7. Replace single glazed windows with low-E double glazed windows | £3,300 - £6,500           | £92                      |
| 8. Solar photovoltaic panels                                      | £3,500 - £5,500           | £361                     |

#### Help paying for energy improvements

You might be able to get a grant from the <u>Boiler Upgrade Scheme (https://www.gov.uk/apply-boiler-upgrade-scheme)</u>. This will help you buy a more efficient, low carbon heating system for this property.

#### More ways to save energy

Find ways to save energy in your home by visiting www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency.

## Who to contact about this certificate

#### Contacting the assessor

If you're unhappy about your property's energy assessment or certificate, you can complain to the assessor who created it.

Assessor's name Telephone Email John Davies 07918836790 jdepcs@gmail.com

#### Contacting the accreditation scheme

If you're still unhappy after contacting the assessor, you should contact the assessor's accreditation scheme.

Accreditation scheme Assessor's ID Telephone Email

#### About this assessment

Assessor's declaration Date of assessment Date of certificate Type of assessment Elmhurst Energy Systems Ltd EES/020571 01455 883 250 enquiries@elmhurstenergy.co.uk

No related party 5 April 2022 10 April 2022 RdSAP