



## **Guidance for shared ownership providers when completing 'Key information about the home'**

The information in this document is for shared ownership homes funded under the GLA's Affordable Homes Programme 2016-23.

This document is intended to accompany property listings for initial sales and resales.

It's for prospective homebuyers:

- who are looking at different homes
- before they have completed a financial assessment

Use it to give homebuyers standardised information when they register interest in a shared ownership home.

### **To complete the document:**

1. Follow the instructions highlighted in yellow.
2. Enter the specific information about the home in the highlighted fields.
3. Delete the statements that do not apply to the home.
4. Delete the instructions.

### **Feedback**

If you have any feedback about this document, contact [AffordableHomes@london.gov.uk](mailto:AffordableHomes@london.gov.uk)

## **Key information about the home**

When you buy a home through shared ownership, you enter into a shared ownership lease. The lease is a legal agreement between you (the 'leaseholder') and the landlord. It sets out the rights and responsibilities of both parties.

Before committing to buy a shared ownership property, you should ensure you take independent legal and financial advice.

This key information document is to help you decide if shared ownership is right for you. You should read this document carefully so that you understand what you are buying, and then keep it safe for future reference.

It does not form part of the lease. You should carefully consider the information and the accompanying lease, and discuss any issues with your solicitor before signing the lease.

Failure to pay your rent or service charge or your mortgage could mean your house is at risk of repossession.

Examples and figures provided in this key information document are correct at the time of issue but will change over time in accordance with changes in house prices and the terms of the shared ownership lease.

| <b>Address</b>                         | Apt 1006 222 Marsh Wall, London E14 9EN  |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
|--|--|--------------|---------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|---------|---------------------|---------|----------------|---------|----------------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------|-----|---------|
| <b>Property type</b>                   | 2 bed flat   |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| <b>Scheme</b>                          | Shared ownership   |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| <b>Full market value</b>               | £750,000   |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| <b>Share purchase price</b>            | £187,500 (25% share)<br><br>The share purchase price offered to you will be based on an assessment of what you can afford.   |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| <b>Rent</b>                            | <p>If you buy a 25% share, the rent will be £703.13 a month.</p> <p>If you buy a larger share, you'll pay less rent.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th><b>Share</b></th> <th><b>Monthly rent</b></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>25%</td> <td>£703.13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30%</td> <td>£656.25</td> </tr> <tr> <td>40%</td> <td>£562.50</td> </tr> <tr> <td>50%</td> <td>£468.75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>60%</td> <td>£375.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>70%</td> <td>£281.25</td> </tr> <tr> <td>75%</td> <td>£234.38</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The percentage share and rent amount will change depending on the amount you can afford. You'll receive a worked example after a financial assessment.</p> <p>Your annual rent is calculated as<br/> 2.25% 1 bed<br/> 1.5% 2 bed<br/> of the remaining share of the full market value owned by the landlord.</p> | <b>Share</b> | <b>Monthly rent</b> | 25%            | £703.13          | 30%           | £656.25 | 40%                 | £562.50 | 50%            | £468.75 | 60%                  | £375.00 | 70%                          | £281.25          | 75% | £234.38 |
| <b>Share</b>                           | <b>Monthly rent</b>  |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| 25%                                    | £703.13  |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| 30%                                    | £656.25  |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| 40%                                    | £562.50  |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| 50%                                    | £468.75  |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| 60%                                    | £375.00  |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| 70%                                    | £281.25  |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| 75%                                    | £234.38  |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| <b>Monthly payment to the landlord</b> | <p>The monthly payment to the landlord includes:</p> <table> <tbody> <tr> <td>Rent</td> <td>£703.13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Service charge</td> <td>195.75 estimated</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Estate charge</td> <td>£50.05</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Buildings insurance</td> <td>£40.90</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Management fee</td> <td>£28.23</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reserve fund payment</td> <td>£tba</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Total monthly payment</b></td> <td><b>£1,018.06</b></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>   | Rent         | £703.13             | Service charge | 195.75 estimated | Estate charge | £50.05  | Buildings insurance | £40.90  | Management fee | £28.23  | Reserve fund payment | £tba    | <b>Total monthly payment</b> | <b>£1,018.06</b> |     |         |
| Rent                                   | £703.13  |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| Service charge                         | 195.75 estimated   |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| Estate charge                          | £50.05   |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| Buildings insurance                    | £40.90   |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| Management fee                         | £28.23   |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| Reserve fund payment                   | £tba   |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |
| <b>Total monthly payment</b>           | <b>£1,018.06</b>   |              |                     |                |                  |               |         |                     |         |                |         |                      |         |                              |                  |     |         |

|                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Reservation fee</b>           | <p>£500</p> <p>You'll need to pay a reservation fee to secure your home. When you pay the fee, no one else will be able to reserve the home.</p> <p>The reservation fee secures the home for 5 days. If you buy the home, the fee will be taken off the final amount you pay on completion. If you do not buy the home, the fee is not refundable.</p>  |
| <b>Eligibility</b>               | <p>To assess your eligibility, you'll need to register with a Help to Buy agent.</p> <p>You can apply to buy the home if both of the following apply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• your gross household income is £90,000 or less</li> <li>• you cannot afford all of the deposit and mortgage payments to buy a home that meets your needs</li> </ul> <p>One of the following must also be true:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• you're a first-time buyer</li> <li>• you used to own a home but cannot afford to buy one now</li> <li>• you're forming a new household - for example, after a relationship breakdown</li> <li>• you're an existing shared owner, and you want to move</li> <li>• you own a home and want to move but cannot afford a new home for your needs</li> </ul> <p>If you own a home, you must have completed the sale of the home on or before the date you complete your shared ownership purchase.</p> <p>You must have a good credit record. Your application will involve an assessment of your finances.</p> |
| <b>Tenure</b>                    | <p>Leasehold</p>  |
| <b>Lease type</b>                | <p>Shared Ownership Sublease</p>  |
| <b>Lease term</b>                | <p>990 years</p>  |
| <b>Maximum share you can own</b> | <p>You can buy up to 100% of your home with the initial maximum share being 75%</p>   |
| <b>Transfer of freehold</b>      | <p>At 100% ownership, the leasehold title remains in your name but your shared ownership obligations fall away.</p>   |

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <p><b>Landlord</b></p>                       | <p>Poplar HARCA of 155 East India Dock Road, London E14 6DA</p> <p>Under a shared ownership lease, you pay for a percentage share of the market value of a home. You enter into a lease agreement with the landlord, and agree to pay rent to the landlord on the remaining share.</p> <p>Poplar HARCA does not own the freehold of the development and this is owned by 225 Marsh Wal Propco Limited</p>   |
| <p><b>Landlord's first option to buy</b></p> | <p>When you give the landlord notice that you intend to sell your share in your home, the landlord has 8 weeks to find a buyer. (The landlord may offer to buy back your share, but only in exceptional circumstances and if they have funds available.) If they do not find a buyer within 8 weeks, you can sell your share yourself on the open market. For example, through an estate agent.</p>   |
| <p><b>Pets</b></p>                           | <p>Consent to keep pets will need to be obtained from the freeholder</p>  |
| <p><b>Subletting</b></p>                     | <p>You can rent out a room in the home at any time, but you must live there at the same time.</p> <p>You cannot sublet (rent out) your entire home unless either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• you own a 100% share</li> <li>• you have your landlord's permission, which they will only give in exceptional circumstances</li> </ul> <p>If you're a serving member of the armed forces, and you're required to serve away from the area where you live for a fixed period, you may sublet the entire home subject to the landlord's permission.</p> <p>You can rent out a room in the home at any time, but you must live there at the same time.</p> <p>You cannot sublet (rent out) your entire home unless you have your landlord's permission. They will only give permission in exceptional circumstances.</p> <p>If you're a serving member of the armed forces, and you're required to serve away from the area where you live for a fixed period, you may sublet the entire home subject to the landlord's permission.</p> |

## **Guidance for shared ownership providers**

The information in this document is for shared ownership homes funded under the GLA's Affordable Homes Programme 2016-23.

This document is intended for prospective homebuyers:

- after they have gone through a financial assessment
- before they pay the reservation fee to secure a shared ownership home

We expect that providers will give this document:

- to the homebuyer together with the personalised 'Summary of costs' document
- to the homebuyer's solicitors
- the inflation index to be used; RPI

## **Feedback**

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## **Key information about shared ownership**

When you buy a home through shared ownership, you enter into a shared ownership lease. The lease is a legal agreement between you (the 'leaseholder') and the landlord. It sets out the rights and responsibilities of both parties.

Before committing to buy a shared ownership property, you should ensure you take independent legal and financial advice.

This key information document is to help you decide if shared ownership is right for you. You should read this document carefully so that you understand what you are buying, and then keep it safe for future reference.

It does not form part of the lease. You should carefully consider the information and the accompanying lease, and discuss any issues with your solicitor before signing the lease.

Failure to pay your rent or service charge or your mortgage could mean your house is at risk of repossession.

Examples and figures provided in this key information document are correct at the time of issue but will change over time in accordance with changes in house prices and the terms of the shared ownership lease.

### **1. How shared ownership works**

- 1.1 You pay for a percentage share of the market value of a home. You enter into a lease agreement with the landlord, and agree to pay rent to the landlord on the remaining share.
- 1.2 You can buy more shares in your home, which is known as 'staircasing'. This is covered in section 6, 'Buying more shares'.
- 1.3 When you buy more shares in your home, the rent you pay goes down in proportion to the landlord's remaining share.
- 1.4 You can rent out a room in the home at any time, but you must live there at the same time.
- 1.5 You cannot sublet (rent out) your entire home unless either:
  - you own a 100% share, or
  - you have your landlord's permission, which they will only give in exceptional circumstances

- 1.6 If you're a serving member of the armed forces, and you're required to serve away from the area where you live for a fixed period, you may sublet the entire home subject to the landlord's permission.



## 2. Lease

2.1 All shared ownership homes are sold as leasehold, even houses. This is because you only pay for part of the market value up front, and the landlord has an interest in the remaining share. If you reach 100% ownership, for most flats, the lease will remain in place, but the shared ownership obligations will fall away. For most houses the freehold will transfer to you, and the shared ownership lease falls away.

For more information, see the 'Maximum share you can own' section in the 'Key information about the home' document.

2.2 You are buying a long leasehold interest in the home but only paying for part of the market value. The length of the lease is stated in the 'Key information about the home' document.

2.3 Information included within your lease:

2.3.1 A description of the home, including its boundaries.

2.3.2 Your responsibilities as a leaseholder, such as repairs and maintenance, and your landlord's responsibilities, such as buildings insurance. For more information on repairs, see section 5, 'Maintaining and living in the home'.

2.3.3 Details of any restrictions or obligations, such as decoration and alterations.

2.3.4 The lease start date, term, and end date.

2.3.5 The share that you have bought.

2.3.6 The amount of rent you must pay, together with any other amounts due under the lease.

2.3.7 How the landlord will review your rent.

2.3.8 The method by which you can buy additional shares to own more of your home in the future (staircasing).

2.3.9 The method by which you can move home, either by selling your share or selling the whole home.

2.4 As the lease is a legally binding contract, review it carefully with your solicitor. It's important that you make sure that you understand the lease before you sign it. Your solicitor will provide you with a copy of the lease.

2.5 You'll need to contact your landlord to confirm their procedures and fees for extending your lease by additional years, beyond the term.

### 3. Rent

- 3.1 Under a shared ownership lease, you only pay for part of the market value up front, and you agree to pay rent on the remaining share to the landlord.
- 3.2 The total rent to pay in the first year is a percentage of the remaining share of the market value you did not pay for. This percentage is in the 'Key information about the home' document. If you buy more shares in your home, the rent will go down.
- 3.3 The landlord will review your rent periodically at the times set out in the lease. Typically, they review the rent every year.
- 3.4 Your rent may go up when it is reviewed. It will not go down.

The maximum amount your rent can go up by is the same as the percentage increase in the Retail Prices Index (RPI) for the previous 12 months plus 0.5%. This means that where the Index increase for the 12 month period is 0% or negative, the most the rent can go up by is 0.5%.

This example shows how the rent might go up:

|                                     |                                     |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Rent review date                    | 31 March 2021                       |
| Rent in March 2021                  | £500                                |
| Percentage increase                 | 2%<br>(1.5% increase in RPI + 0.5%) |
| Rent to pay from April 2021 onwards | £510                                |

A worked example demonstrating how the rent is calculated at review is in Appendix 2 of the lease.

- 3.5 Your landlord may be entitled to terminate the lease if you:
- do not pay the rent
  - do not observe and perform your obligations in the lease

The landlord will need a court order to terminate the lease. If the landlord terminates the lease, you may lose any equity in the home you had bought. You could also lose any deposit or monies you have contributed towards the purchase of your home.

If action is needed for non-payment of rent or breach of another obligation in the lease, the landlord will be obliged to make your mortgage lender aware of this. The mortgage lender may take their own action as they feel is appropriate.

- 3.6 When you complete (the day you buy your home), you will need to pay the following costs for the rest of the month and possibly in advance for the following month:

- rent
- service charge (where applicable)
- estate charge (where applicable)
- buildings insurance (where applicable)
- reserve fund (also known as 'sinking fund') payment (where applicable)
- management fee (where applicable)

Remember to plan for these amounts when you work out how much money you need for completion. You will receive a completion statement that explains what you need to do. Your solicitor will go through it with you.

For more information on what these costs are for, see 'Your monthly payments to the landlord' in the 'Summary of costs' document.

## 4. Other costs

4.1 You'll need to make monthly payments to the landlord for the:

- rent
- service charge (where applicable)
- estate charge (where applicable)
- buildings insurance (where applicable)
- reserve fund (also known as 'sinking fund') payment (where applicable)
- management fee (where applicable)

There is more information on the GOV.UK website about [service charges and other expenses](#).

Your landlord, Poplar HARCA is signed up to the [GLA's Service Charges Charter](#). The Charter sets out principles for landlords to follow in how they management and administration of service charges.

4.2 You'll need to budget for your other monthly costs, which may include:

- mortgage repayment
- contents insurance
- Council Tax
- gas and electricity
- water

4.3 You may need to pay a reservation fee to secure your home. When you pay the fee, no one else will be able to reserve the home. Your landlord may have a policy on how long they will reserve a property before exchange of contracts. See the 'Reservation fee' section in the 'Key information about the home' document.

If you go ahead and buy the home, the fee will be taken off the final amount you pay on completion.

4.4 You'll need to pay a deposit towards your purchase:

- check with your solicitor when you need to pay the deposit
- check with your mortgage adviser when your first mortgage payment is due after completion

4.5 You'll need to pay for your [contents insurance](#). You'll need to arrange this yourself before completion.

4.6 The landlord is responsible for arranging buildings insurance while you are a shared owner. This applies to both houses and flats.

If you reach 100% ownership and remain a leaseholder, you'll continue to pay the landlord for buildings insurance.

If you reach 100% ownership and become the freeholder, you'll need to arrange buildings insurance yourself.

To find out which of these apply, see the 'Maximum share you can own' section in the 'Key information about the home' document.

4.7 You'll need to pay your own solicitors' fees and any associated purchase costs. You should ensure you instruct a solicitor with experience of shared ownership purchases. You can expect to pay fees including:

- legal services fee
- search costs
- banking charges
- Land Registry fee
- document pack fee
- management agent consent fee - subject to development and terms of the management company

Solicitors' fees can vary. Your solicitor should confirm what the fees cover and the cost when you instruct them to act on your behalf.

4.8 You may have to pay Stamp Duty Land Tax (SDLT) depending on your circumstances and the home's market value. Discuss this with your solicitor. There is more guidance on the GOV.UK website:

- [Stamp Duty Land Tax and shared ownership property](#)
- [Calculate Stamp Duty Land Tax \(SDLT\)](#)

4.9 Remember to plan for these amounts when you work out how much money you need for completion. You will receive the following documents from your solicitor:

- an initial quote for the costs involved
- a completion statement after exchange of contracts, which describes the actual costs

Your solicitor will go through these documents with you.

## **5. Maintaining and living in the home**

This section describes the responsibilities for repairs and maintenance and who pays the costs.

- 5.1 As the leaseholder, you are responsible for keeping the home in good condition.
- 5.2 You are responsible for the cost of repairs and maintenance of the home.
- 5.3 The landlord is not responsible for carrying out refurbishment or decorations. For example, replacing kitchens or bathrooms.
- 5.4 You are responsible for arranging and paying for a boiler service every year. The service must be carried out by an engineer on the [Gas Safe Register](#).

### **5.5 Decoration and home improvements**

- 5.5.1 You can paint, decorate and refurbish the home as you wish. For new-build homes, it's better to not decorate for the first year though. This gives building materials like timber and plaster time to dry out and settle.
- 5.5.2 If you want to make any structural changes to your home, check with your landlord first to see if you need permission.
- 5.5.3 You'll need to check with your landlord what counts as a home improvement and get permission before you carry out these works. Landlords may charge a fee for granting permission.
- 5.5.4 Home improvements may increase or decrease the market value of your home. How this affects you is covered in more detail in section 6, 'Buying more shares'.

### **5.6 Responsibilities for maintaining the building**

- 5.6.1 For new-build homes, the building warranty will cover the cost of structural repairs (typically for the first 10 or 12 years). You'll need to check with the landlord who the building warranty provider is.
- 5.6.2 For flats, the building owner (typically the landlord) will arrange external and structural repairs required. The cost will be divided between you and the other flat owners in the building, if the reserve fund does not cover the cost. Check with your solicitor to confirm what is in your lease.
- 5.6.3 If you buy a home through a shared ownership resale, any remaining period on the building warranty will transfer to you.
- 5.6.4 The service charge covers the items described in the 'Summary of costs' document.

## 5.7 Repairs reserve fund

- 5.7.1 If there is a reserve fund (also known as 'sinking fund'), you will need to pay into the fund. The fund covers major works, like replacing the roof. There are [rules](#) about how landlords must manage these funds. You will not usually be able to get back any money you pay into them. For example, if you move home.
- 5.7.3 Refer to your 'Summary of costs' document to check if there is a reserve fund payment.

## 6. Buying more shares

- 6.1 You can buy more shares in your home. This is known as 'staircasing'.
- 6.2 If you buy more shares in your home, the rent will go down.
- 6.3 Where you require legal advice when buying more shares, you are responsible for paying your own legal fees. Your mortgage lender will require you to instruct a solicitor if you are borrowing money to fund any purchase of additional shares. The landlord is responsible for paying their own legal fees related to share purchase transactions.

### 6.4 Buying shares of 10% or more

- 6.4.1 You can buy additional shares of 10% or more at any time.
- 6.4.2 You'll need to know your home's market value. You'll need to pay for a valuation by a surveyor who is registered with the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS). The responsibility for who arranges the valuation (you or the landlord) is in the 'Home valuation' section of the 'Summary of costs' document. You can [find a registered surveyor on the RICS website](#).
- 6.4.3 The landlord may charge an administration fee each time you buy a share of 10% or more. The fee is stated in the 'Summary of costs' document.
- 6.4.5 If you have made home improvements, then your home valuation must show two amounts:
- the current market value - this is the home's value including any increase because of home improvements
  - the unimproved value - this is the home's value ignoring the value added by any home improvements carried out
- note: you may need to obtain your landlord's permission for certain improvements
- 6.4.6 The price of additional shares of 10% or more is based on the unimproved value.

## 7. Selling your home

- 7.1 You can sell your home at any time.



7.2 If you do not own 100% of your home, you must inform your landlord when you intend to sell your share.

7.3 If you do own 100% of your home, you can sell it on the open market. For example, through an estate agent.

#### **7.4 Landlord's first option to buy**

7.4.1 When you give the landlord notice that you intend to sell your share in your home, the landlord has 'first option to buy'. This means the landlord has a period of time (usually 8 weeks) to find a buyer. The period is specified in the 'Key information about the home' document. (The landlord may offer to buy back your share, but only in exceptional circumstances and if they have funds available.)

7.4.2 If the landlord does not find a buyer within the specified period, you can sell your share yourself on the open market, for example, through an estate agent. You can also sell your home to a buyer at its full market value – this requires you to purchase additional shares up to 100%, in a linked 'back-to-back' transaction at the same time as the sale.

7.4.3 There are certain limited circumstances where the landlord's first option to buy does not apply. These include the death of a leaseholder or if a court order requires you to transfer your ownership. You should ask your solicitor if you think these circumstances may apply.

7.4.4 The landlord's first option to buy also does not apply once you own 100% of your home.

7.4.5 If your landlord finds a buyer during their period of first option to buy, the price will be no more than the current market value of your share of the home based on a RICS valuation.

#### **7.5 Selling fees and costs**

7.5.1 The landlord may charge you a fee when you sell your home. The cost is stated in the 'Summary of costs' document.

7.5.2 You are responsible for seeking legal advice when you sell your home. You will need to pay your legal fees.

7.5.3 If you sell your home through an estate agent, you will be responsible for paying estate agent's fees, often calculated as a percentage of the sales value (e.g. 1%).

7.5.4 If you staircase your ownership to 100% in order to execute a 'back-to-back' sale, you may be liable to pay Stamp Duty Land Tax on the additional shares purchased.

#### **7.6 Valuations**

7.6.1 The sale price of your home is based on an RICS valuation.

7.6.2 For information on who is responsible for arranging and paying for the RICS valuation, see the 'Summary of costs' document.

## Useful links

- GLA Service Charges Charter  
<https://www.london.gov.uk/what-we-do/housing-and-land/shared-ownership-charter-service-charges>
- Service charges and other expenses (GOV.UK)  
<https://www.gov.uk/leasehold-property/service-charges-and-other-expenses>
- Service charges and other issues (Leasehold Advisory Service)  
<https://www.lease-advice.org/advice-guide/service-charges-other-issues/>
- A guide to mortgage fees and costs (Money Advice Service)  
<https://www.moneyadviceservice.org.uk/en/articles/mortgage-related-fees-and-costs-at-a-glance>